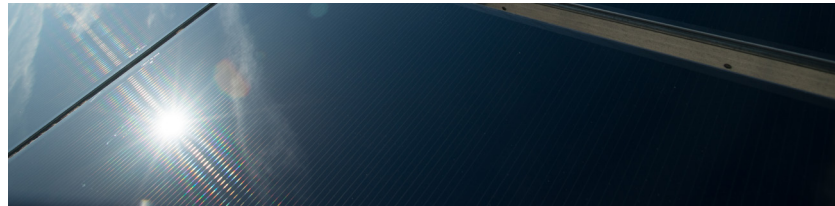


# User Guide: First Solar Series 4 Module

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Global

REV 2.5



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# 1 Introduction

First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are manufactured in state-of-the-art facilities using a highly innovative process that rapidly deposits thin films of semiconductor on glass. Series 4A modules are constructed identically to Series 4 modules and add anti-reflective coated glass to Series 4 modules. The modules have been designed to have a long operating life and high energy yield when installed, operated, and serviced in accordance with the instructions in this User Guide and the System Design and Application Document (PD-2-303). First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are electrically and mechanically compatible with one another, provided appropriate system design practices are employed. Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are not compatible with First Solar Series 3 Modules within the same interconnected string.

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## 1.1 Before You Begin

This document provides guidelines and information on First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules of model types FS-4xxx, FS-4xxxA, FS-4xxx-2, FS-4xxxA-2, FS-4xxx-3, and FS-4xxxA-3 for system designers, installers, and maintenance personnel. Read this User Guide thoroughly before beginning any work related to the installation, operation, or maintenance of the First Solar Series 4 or Series 4A Module. Only qualified personnel should install, operate, or maintain a PV module or system.

Failure to follow installation and handling instructions may result in injury.

Failure to maintain proper operating condition requirements for the modules will void the applicable warranties.

This user guide addresses typical module installation and usage globally. Certain regions may have additional requirements or concerns. Please contact First Solar ([technicalsupport@firstsolar.com](mailto:technicalsupport@firstsolar.com)) or visit [www.firstsolar.com](http://www.firstsolar.com) for additional regional User Guides that may be available, or for additional support.

For details on product box handling and storage please reference PD-5-801.

Keep this User Guide for future reference.

Guidelines related to system construction are beyond the scope of this document and are not covered in this document.

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## 1.2 Key Product Features

- High energy yields in real-world conditions.
- Size and weight that enables efficient handling and installation.
- Easy, quick-connect wiring for fast interconnection.
- Compatible with advanced 1500V plant architectures
- Internationally recognized product certifications.
- Twenty-five year limited performance warranties.

## 1.3 Safety



The Series 4 and Series 4A Modules may produce voltage up to 110 Volts DC (VDC) or current up to 3.0 Amps when exposed to sunlight. *A single module could create a lethal shock hazard during hours of daylight*, including periods of low light levels. The danger increases as modules are connected together in series and/or parallel.

To avoid fire and/or injury due to ground fault and associated electrical hazards:

- Do not unplug PV module connections while under load. Do not disconnect the module connectors during daylight hours unless the module is in an open circuit condition or all modules in series and parallel are covered with an opaque material, such as a tarp or blanket.
- Repair or replace damaged wires immediately. Keep all array wiring out of reach of non-qualified personnel.
- Do not concentrate light on the module in an attempt to increase power output.
- Never allow the PV array system voltage to exceed 1500VDC under any condition.
- Replace broken modules immediately.
- Repair any ground faults immediately.
- Do not work on modules or systems when the modules or wiring are wet.

Reverse currents higher than the rated values for a First Solar module (reverse current overload), may result in module failure, including module breakage. Extreme and continuous reverse current overload conditions may cause a fire or create electrical shock hazards. To avoid reverse current overload:

- Maintain equivalent voltage in parallel strings by installing an equal number of modules per string within the same source circuit. Failure to install modules with balanced voltage in parallel strings can result in voltage imbalance.
- Comply with all practices as stated in this document and repair ground faults.

It is the responsibility of the PV system installer to ensure compliance with all local building codes. As a minimum level of protection, all building mounted PV systems should utilize Ground Fault Circuit interrupters and Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters to minimize risk of electrical shocks and fires.

Wear safety glasses (ANSI Z87.1-2003) and cut-resistant gloves when working on non-interconnected modules or systems. Wear electrically rated PPE when working on interconnected modules or system components.

Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are not compatible with Series 3 Modules within the same interconnected string.

- To avoid risk of fire, do not interconnect Series 4/4A Modules within the same interconnected string as Series 3 Modules.

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## 2 Regulatory Compliance

It is the responsibility of the installer and/or system integrator to ensure compliance with all local electrical codes which may be applicable to the installation and use of First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules.

- Before beginning the PV system design and installation, contact appropriate local authorities to determine local code, permit, and inspection requirements.

Series 4 and Series 4A Modules meet the requirements of Safety Class II for 1000VDC systems and Safety Class 0 for 1500VDC systems. Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are tested and certified per IEC 61730 Application Class A up to a maximum system voltage of 1000V and Application Class B up to a maximum system voltage of 1500V, both with maximum overcurrent protection ratings of 4.0A.

Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are tested and certified per IEC 61646 for a maximum system voltage of 1500V.

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## 3 Electrical Specifications

See the Series 4 and Series 4A Module datasheet (PD-5-401-04) and module label for all electrical ratings of the module. All electrical ratings are listed at Standard Test Conditions (irradiance of 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>, AM 1.5 spectrum, and a cell temperature of 25°C).

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### 3.1 System Derating Factors

Under normal operation, a photovoltaic module may experience conditions that produce more current and/or voltage than reported at Standard Test Conditions. Accordingly, the datasheet and label specification values listed for STC should be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for voltage and current when determining component ratings. Adjustments of those factors might be needed to respect site specific climate conditions.

As defined in the National Electric Code and IEC 62548, the maximum system voltage for a Photovoltaic System is determined using the open circuit voltage of the PV modules. First Solar's Series 4 family of modules have unique performance characteristics that result in an increased open circuit voltage at low operating temperatures. The open circuit voltage should be multiplied by a low temperature correction factor as specified in Application Note PD-5-435 NA in addition to the 1.25 factor mentioned above. This low temperature correction factor should be based on the site specific design temperature profile.

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## 4 Installation

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### 4.1 Mounting



Physically damaged modules may cause ground faults and associated electrical hazards. To avoid these conditions:



Do not install the modules during high wind or wet conditions to reduce the likelihood of injury.



Wear safety glasses (ANSI Z87.1-2003) and cut-resistant gloves when working on non-interconnected modules or systems.



Wear electrically rated PPE when working on interconnected modules or system components.

- Handle modules with care during installation, as heavy impact on the front, back, or edges could result in damage to the module. Do not walk or stand on modules or retaining clips.
- Do not stack or carry multiple modules on top of one another after removal from factory packaging to minimize the risk of breakage.
- Do not lift or pull on modules using lead wires or strain relief wire loops to minimize the risk of wire damage.

Mounting of the Series 4 and Series 4A Module to a suitable structure can be done by attaching the module directly to the structure using retaining clips (see Figure 5.1).

The interface of the mounting structure to the module (including the retaining clip and rubber insulator) must meet the technical requirements specified in First Solar Application Note PD-5-320-04 and must be approved for use by First Solar prior to installation. The mounting system design must provide adequate support for the module to prevent damage from occurring when the module is subjected to pressures of 2400 Pa (which equates to wind pressure of 130 km/hour, with a safety factor of 3 for gusty conditions based on IEC 61646). The location of the clips shall be along the 1200mm length of the module and the center point of the clip shall be located between 250mm and 300mm from the module edge. See Figure 5.1 for allowed location. Rubber insulator material, or equivalent must be used between the module and both the clip and mounting structure to provide adequate protection of the module and must meet all requirements described in PD-5-320-04 Module Mounting. No direct contact of rigid structures is permitted against the surface or edges of the module.

All mounting structures must provide a flat plane for the modules to be mounted on, and must not cause any twist or stress to be placed on the module.

Modules should not be installed in a way that restricts air circulation to the underside of the module. Modules generate heat and require adequate airflow for cooling.

Installation locations and module support structures should be selected to ensure modules and connectors (open or mated) are never submersed in standing water. First Solar modules are tested and certified for applications involving pressures from snow/ice/wind up to 2400 Pa when mounted properly. Snow drifts could result in a nonuniform loading of the modules which exceeds the tested pressure. If it is expected that loads will exceed 2400 Pa, it is recommended to clear snow from modules, and ensure that ice/thaw/freeze cycles under snow drifts do not result in excessive stresses on the module.

Heavy construction and trenching should be completed prior to module installation to minimize debris and dust.

Ensure any site preparation or maintenance chemicals (soil binding agents or chemicals used for on-site dust control or weed control) do not spray, splash, or drift onto the surface of the modules or its associated components.

Maximum allowable pressure on modules may not exceed 2400 Pa without additional module support that must be tested and approved by First Solar.

For rooftop mounting, modules must be mounted over a fire resistant roof covering rated for the application. The recommended minimum standoff height is 8cm.

### 4.1.1 Series 4A Module Installation Considerations (with Anti-Reflective Coating)

Handle with gloves to preserve visual appearance of anti-reflective coated modules (Series 4A).

During handling and installation, avoid abrasive contact with top glass surface to prevent scratches of anti-reflective coating on Series 4A modules.

Do not remove cardboard separator paper before removing modules from box. Doing so may result in scratches of the ARC film when pulling modules out of the box.

When cleaning Anti-Reflective Coated modules, specific module cleaning guidelines documented in PD-5-804 Module Cleaning Guidelines must be followed. Failure to comply with the Module Cleaning Guidelines may void warranty.

Basic cleaning guidelines for Anti-Reflective Coated modules are as follows:

#### Allowable Cleaning Methods

- Low pressure **non-contact** water cleaning may be used with unlimited cycles (i.e. water spray is allowed, but scrubbing or brushing with water is prohibited).
- Dry cleaning with soft cloth mops up to six times annually

#### Prohibited Cleaning Methods

- Wet contact cleaning (i.e. combining water with mops, brushes, squeegees)
- Dry contact cleaning with anything other than soft cloths or mops (i.e. bristle brushes, sponges, or squeegees).

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## 4.2 Location, Angle and Tilt

To maximize performance, modules should be located in an area that receives direct sunlight from mid-morning to mid-afternoon (typically 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.). Installation must avoid locating the modules where shadows may be caused by buildings, trees, etc.

PV performance modeling software should be used to determine the optimum orientation and tilt angle for each location.

For tilted free-field applications where there is row to row shading, modules shall be installed in landscape orientation. Please refer to First Solar Application Note PD-5-425-03 for additional information.



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## 4.3 Module Shading Considerations

To minimize the risk of module shading damage please follow the Module Shading Field Guide PD-5-366. Instances of shading that will lead to a voided warranty include the High Risk listed items below.

### High Risk (Prohibited) Shading

1. Resting or adhering slender objects (tools, brooms, clothing, wires, tape) on sunny side of operating modules, or when nearer than ~1.5-2 meters above operating modules, especially when shadow oriented parallel to cells.
2. Fixed objects within ~1.5-2 meters above operating modules that cast a shadow over the long dimension of the cells should be avoided. Close objects like posts, ropes, signs, fences, or equipment can begin to increase risk of partial shading of full cells when nearer than ~1.5-2 meters from the sunny-side of operating module.
3. Working continuously with outstretched arms or tools over operating modules.
4. A support frame or mounting method on the short edge(s) of modules that fully shades the entire length of a cell (either partially or completely).
5. Cleaning apparatuses, including cleaning robots and other mechanisms that traverse the module repeatedly while the system is operating (unless evaluated and approved by First Solar).

## 4.4 Electrical Interconnection

First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are pre-configured with industry standard connectors that are “touch proof” with all live parts protected against accidental contact and protected against polarity reversal. The cables and connectors are UV and weather resistant from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+90^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and rated for 1500VDC and 22.5A (minimum, before derating for ambient temperature).



**Modules with different FS Series numbers (i.e. FS 3 vs. FS 4) have significantly different electrical operating characteristics and should not be interconnected within the same inverter or MPPT to prevent power output loss and voltage imbalance conditions that may create the risk of reverse current overload.**



**Damaged wires, connectors, or junction boxes may cause ground faults, and associated electrical hazards, including electrical shock. To avoid these conditions:**

- **Protect unmated connectors from dust and moisture by using sealing caps (not provided, available from connector manufacturer).**
- **Limit module connectors to 10 or fewer plug cycles.**
- **Do not pull lead wires tight at any time. After installation, the connected wire must not be under stress or tension.**
- **Do not use junction box assembly or lead wire strain relief loops to secure excess wire or to bear weight greater than that of a (properly wire managed) module's own wire and mated connector pair.**
- **Connector bodies and cables should not be tightly secured at both ends to any mounting structure to allow for thermal expansion and contraction.**
- **Secure wire or connected components so that no loose wires or components are hanging within 0.46m (1.5 feet) of the ground in free field applications, and so that wire/components are hanging clear of roof coverings or pooled water in rooftop applications.**
- **Ensure connectors are fully mated.**
- **Ensure wire securement methods, such as use of cable ties, do not damage wire insulation. The minimum module lead wire bend radius is 5 times wire diameter. Observe minimum bend radius specifications on all other PV system wiring.**
- **Ensure wires are not in contact with sharp edges of the mounting structure to avoid abrading the wire sheath.**
- **Inspect and maintain wire management requirements over the life of the plant.**

Module-to-module and module-to-harness interconnection is advised to be done between same manufacturer and type of connectors. The First Solar module warranty is not affected by the interconnection of different supplier connectors, however, First Solar cannot guarantee that different connector types will be mateable in every connection instance.

Components used to interconnect the modules must be compatible with the connectors, and provide proper system operation and fault protection as required by any applicable codes and standards.

### 4.4.1 Inverter Compatibility

Series 4 and Series 4A Modules are designed for utility grid connected, commercial and industrial, off-grid energy access, and fuel displacement applications. First Solar FS Series PV Modules are compatible with a range of string, central, and transformer less inverters. For documentation purposes, system designers are required to notify First Solar of the specific inverter model intended for use through the First Solar System Design and Application process (PD-2-303). Reference First Solar Application Note PD-5-334 for inverter compatibility guidance. When connecting modules or module strings in series ensure inverter ratings are appropriate.

When connecting First Solar Series 4 and/or Series 4A Modules in a series string, ensure that the system design voltage and inverter design specifications are not exceeded. First Solar application note PD-5-435 NA should be referenced when determining the site specific maximum open-circuit system voltage (Voc) seen by the inverter. For 1000VDC applications, this is typically ensured by limiting series strings to 10 modules or less. For 1500VDC applications, this is typically ensured by limiting series strings to 15 modules or less.

The Maximum Power Point (MPP) voltage of a module array must be considered for compatibility with the specified MPP window of the inverter. Similar to the maximum open-circuit voltage, the MPP voltage of the array is dependent on ambient conditions, and the system should be designed to ensure that the MPP voltage of the array remains within the MPP window for expected operating conditions.

When selecting an inverter, system bias conditions and grounding should also be considered. FS Series PV Modules can be used in negative-grounded or ungrounded installations. Use in bi-polar systems should be reviewed in detail by First Solar prior to approval. FS Series PV Modules should not be used in positive-grounded systems.

### 4.4.2 Grounding Method

First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules have no exposed conductive surfaces and do not require equipment grounding as long as a clip length of 100mm for a standard 4 clip mounting is not exceeded.

First Solar Series 4 and Series 4A Modules can be used in negative-grounded, ungrounded, floating, and bi-polar system architectures, provided all appropriate design requirements are met and approved by First Solar. FS Series PV Modules should not be used in positive-grounded systems.

### 4.4.3 Overcurrent Protection

Series 4 and Series 4A Modules have a maximum overcurrent protection rating of 4.0A as defined by IEC 61730 test methods.

PV systems should be designed to comply with and provide module overcurrent protection consistent with local codes as appropriate for the intended application class of the system.

Connection of parallel strings must incorporate measures to protect modules against reverse currents exceeding their rating as described in FS Application Note PD-5-308.

Please refer to FS Application Note PD-5-308 for additional information on module overcurrent protection.

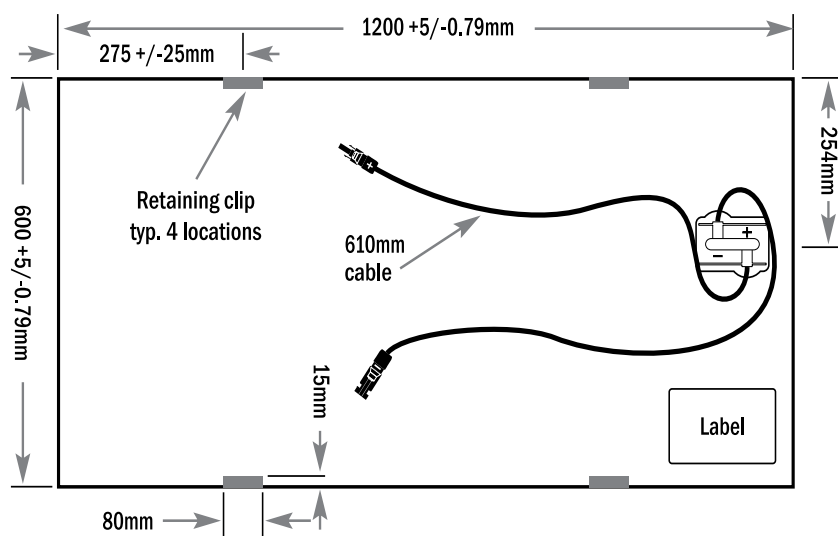
## 5 Mechanical Specifications & Drawings

Table 5.1: Mechanical Specifications

Specifications	Series 4 & Series 4A Modules
Length	1200 mm
Width	600 mm
Thickness	6.8 mm
Total Area	0.72 m <sup>2</sup>
Weight	12 kg
Fire Performance Type	Type 10 Module* Class A Spread of Flame Class B Burning Brand
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +85°C

\*Roof mounted fire rating is established by assessing rack and module as a unit

Figure 5.1 Mechanical Drawing for Series 4 and Series 4A Modules



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## 6 Proper Operating Conditions

The proper operating condition requirements listed below must be maintained.

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**Important:**      **Failure to maintain proper operating condition requirements for the modules will void the applicable warranties.**  
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Requirements:

- Short circuit operation is permitted only during short duration system safety testing or in fail-safe system states.
- All electronic components that are interconnected to modules must have an operating voltage window that matches the maximum power point of the array, and be capable of operating the array at the maximum power point at all times.
- All electronic components that are interconnected to modules must be rated for the maximum operating voltage of the array.
- Modules must have adequate ventilation and airflow to prevent operating temperatures above 85°C.
- Modules must not be partially shaded by obstructions at times of high irradiance (typically between 9:00am and 3:00pm). Module row-to-row shading in landscape orientation is acceptable; Module row-to-row shading in portrait orientation is prohibited.
- Strain relief cable ties must not be removed.
- If module cleaning is undertaken, modules must be cleaned only when in open circuit – either disconnected from load, or during times when inverter is turned off and otherwise in accordance with PD-5-804 “FS Series PV Module Cleaning Guidelines”.
- Series 4A Modules include anti-reflective coated glass. Use of prohibited cleaning methods can reduce the energy enhancing effects of the anti-reflective coated glass and void warranty. Please consult PD-5-804 “FS Series PV Module Cleaning Guidelines” for allowable cleaning methods compatible with Series 4A Modules.
- Module boxes must be handled per PD-5-801 Box Handling and Storage. Failure to follow the Box Handling and Storage guidelines may result in damage to modules that would not be covered under the Module Warranty Terms and Conditions.

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## 7 Service



**Cleaning activities create risk of damage to the modules and array components, as well as the potential for electric shock.** Large amounts of dust and dirt on the surface of the module can reduce the power produced. Natural rainfall will typically remove most dust. Should auxiliary cleaning be required, please refer to the Module Cleaning Guidelines (PD-5-804) for additional information. Failure to comply with the Module Cleaning Guidelines may void warranty.



**Broken modules should be replaced immediately.** Periodically, annually at a minimum, inspect modules for any signs of damage or broken glass. If broken modules are found, place material into a closed container for return to First Solar recycling program, or dispose of module in accordance with local requirements. Please visit [www.firstsolar.com/recycling](http://www.firstsolar.com/recycling) for further details on the recycling program.

- It is normal for the modules to exhibit visual irregularities which do not impact power. Series 4A Modules with anti-reflective coated glass are more likely to exaggerate the visual appearance of normal scratches, fingerprints, and other blemishes due to the optical properties of the glass interface.
- Check that all electrical connections are tight and corrosion free.

The most common causes of lower than expected PV system power output are:

- Inverter failure
- Improper or faulty field wiring or connections
- Blown fuses or tripped circuit breakers
- Excessive amounts of dirt and dust on the modules
- Shading of modules by trees, poles, or buildings
- Improperly calibrated or malfunctioning monitoring equipment

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## 8 Warranty Terms & Conditions

Please refer to, “First Solar FS Series Module Warranty Terms & Conditions” (PD-5-102) for individual module warranty terms, limitations, and product return policies.

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## 9 Notice

Changes to certain components of the module are common as First Solar continuously strives for product improvements. Changes may be a result of component improvements or changes by a supplier, or by minor design modifications initiated by First Solar. All products within the same model classification remain functionally equivalent and fully compatible with one another, even though there may be slight differences, provided appropriate system design practices are employed. Modifications that do not impact the functionality of the product will typically be made without customer notification. Internal testing, and review or retesting by a certifying agency, will be completed before component or design changes are introduced into the manufacturing process.

First Solar reserves the right to make changes in solar module design and/or specifications at any time without notice. Accordingly, the reader is cautioned to verify that data sheets are current before placing orders or finalizing system permitting and/or design. Information furnished by First Solar is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by First Solar or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of First Solar or its subsidiaries.

In the event of a conflict between this module User Guide and the instructions of one of the system component manufacturers, the system component instructions should prevail.

For information regarding First Solar and its products, please visit [www.firstsolar.com](http://www.firstsolar.com). For technical support, please contact [technicalsupport@firstsolar.com](mailto:technicalsupport@firstsolar.com).

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## 10 Document References

Document Number	Document Title
PD-2-303	System Design and Application Document
PD-5-801	FS Series PV Module - Box Handling and Storage
PD-5-401-04	First Solar Series 4 PV Module Datasheet
PD-5-435 NA	FS Series PV Module System Operating Voltage
PD-5-320-04	FS Series 4 PV Module Mounting
PD-5-804	FS Series PV Module Cleaning Guidelines
PD-5-425-03	Module Characterization Response of First Solar FS Series 3 and FS Series 4 PV Modules to Partial Shading
PD-5-366	Module Shading Field Guide
PD-5-308	FS Series PV Modules - Reverse Current Overload
PD-5-102	Module Warranty Terms & Conditions
PD-5-334	First Solar Series 4/4A Inverter Compatibility Guidance