APPENDIX D2 FURTHER ANALYSIS BY DM MCMAHON PTY LTD



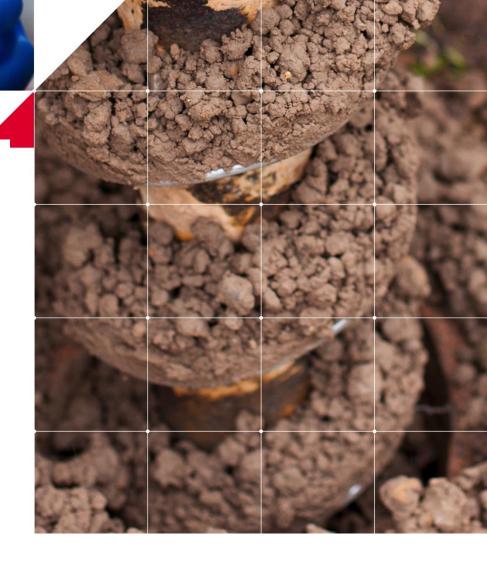


SOIL SURVEY REPORT

WELLINGTON SOLAR FARM

March 2018

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SOIL SURVEY REPORT WELLINGTON SOLAR FARM

March 2018

Project brief

At the request of Jane Blomfield of NGH Environmental Pty Ltd a review and summary of soil sampling, analysis and reporting was carried out on work done by Douglas and Partners on the site on 9 and 10 January 2018. The document provides information about the site and soil conditions from field observations and laboratory analysis.

Site identification

Address: Goolma Road, Wellington NSW 2820 Real property description: Lots 89, 90, 91, 92, 99, 102, 103, 104 DP2987 Lot 2 DP 807187 Lot 1 DP 520396 Lot 1 DP 34690 Centre co-ordinate: 684095 6401015 MGA GDA z55 Property size: approx. 492ha Owner: c/o NGH Environmental Pty Ltd Local Council Area: Dubbo Regional Present use: Agriculture Development Application Reference: not known Report identification: 5120-Wellington South

Certification

Name	Signed	Date	Revision Number
David McMahon BAppSc GradDip WRM	THE	29/03/18	2

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1.0 Introduction

The report presents the results of a soil survey carried out by Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (DP) and reviewed and summarised by DM McMahon Pty Ltd (McMahon) for the proposed Wellington Solar Farm near Wellington, NSW. The relevant extracts from the DP report can be seen attached and the document number is 91256.00.R.001.Rev0 dated 22 February 2018.

The work was commissioned by Jane Blomfield of NGH Environmental Pty Ltd and was undertaken in general accordance with an email dated 20 March 2018. The email outlines that more information is required from NSW Department of Primary Industries in relation to the Douglas Partners report submitted as part of the Environmental Impact Statement, as follows:

Provide clearer information on the quality and fertility of the soil and potential impacts of the project on future land use, particularly considering the site has been mapped as Biophysical Strategic Agricultural Land.

2.0 Site Characteristics

A brief desktop review and investigation of the topography, hydrology, soil, lithology, geology and hydrogeology of the site has been undertaken and are as follows:

2.1 Topography

The site is situated over two different topographic map sheets: The Wellington 1:50,000 Topographic map sheet (8632-N) and the Geurie 1:50,000 Topographic map sheet (8633-S). The site is located at an elevation range of approximately 300m to 400m AHD. The site slope is classed as level to very gently inclined in the west and gently to moderately inclined to the east. The landform is a generally a simple slope with a crest formation to the east and drainage plain associated with the Wuuluman Creek which traverses the south of the site and the associated tributary of such to the north.

2.2 Vegetation

The site is used for agricultural production, predominantly livestock. The pastures consist of lucerne and grass with some sorghum planted. Cathead and Paddy Melon weeds are prevalent. A more detailed assessment of vegetation present can be seen in NGH Environmental scoping report.

2.3 Weather

The mean rainfall for Wellington is approximately 617.1mm per annum. The wettest months are November, December and January, however the rainfall is spread relatively evenly throughout the year. Annual mean pan evaporation range is 1679mm. Mean maximum temperatures range from 15.2 °C in July to 33.0 °C in January and mean minimum temperatures range from 2.2 °C in July to 15.2 °C in January. Historical records obtained from Wellington (D&J Rural) AWS 065034 (www.bom.gov.au).

2.4 Hydrology

The site is located in the Macquarie River catchment area. Natural watercourses have been extensively modified since European settlement to improve channel efficiency. Run-off of surface waters from precipitation will flow into the drainage system of Wuuluman Creek and ultimately into the Macquarie River.

2.5 Soil & Landform

The site is located entirely in the soil landscapes coded **bz** from the Soil Landscapes of the Dubbo 1:250 000 Sheet (Murphy and Lawrie, 1998). A brief description of the soil landscapes are as follows, **Table 1**.

Table 1: Soil lands	scape
bz – Bodangora	
<u>Topography</u>	Low undulating hills ranging in elevation from $300 - 500$ m. Local relief from $40 - 100$ m. Slopes are gently inclined (3 - 10%) with slopes from $1000 - 3000$ m long. Drainage lines are $500 - 1000$ m apart.
<u>Soils:</u>	Euchrozems
	Topsoil
	Dark reddish-brown clay loams to light clays, moderately well structured with sub-angular or angular blocky peds. Field pH increases from 5.5 to 7.0 in the A horizon; to 35cm depth. Gradual boundary to-
	Subsoils
	Moderate to strongly structured reddish-brown light to medium clays with smooth-faced, sub-angular or polyhedral peds. Gravel increases with depth and soft nodules of calcium carbonate begin to appear at about 90cm depth. Field pH 8.0 to 8.5.
	Non-calcic Brown Soils
	Top Soils
	Hardsetting, gravelly (50-90%) dark reddish-brown fine sandy loams to sandy clay loams with weak crumb or sub-angular blocky peds; pH 6 $-$ 7; to 30cm depth. Clear boundary to $-$
	Subsoils
	Gravelly, dark reddish-brown, light medium clays with moderately structured fine sub-angular blocky peds; pH 8.0; weathered rock is encountered at about 80cm.
	Terra Rossa Soils
	Topsoils
	Friable dark reddish-brown fine sandy clay loams to clay loams with moderately structured, fine angular blocky, smooth-faced peds. pH 5.5; 12cm depth. Clear boundary to-
	Subsoils
	Dark reddish-brown, clay loams to medium clays; strongly structured, fine angular blocky peds with some limestone gravel at depth; pH 7.0 to 8.0, becoming 8.0 to 8.5 at depth.

 Table 1: Soil landscape

Geology and
Regolith:Geological units are Ordovician undifferentiated, Silurian undifferentiated and
Gowan Green Group. Parent rocks are Andesite, tuff, keratophyric lava and
tuff, shale, limestone, conglomerate, agglomerate, siltstone and chert. In situ
and colluvial-alluvial materials are derived from parent rock.

The site lies within the mapping unit **MO3** from the Digital Atlas of Australian Soils (CSIRO, 1991). The map unit **MO3** is described as:

"Gently undulating plains with occasional higher stony ridges: a complex array of soils is present but loamy nodular mottled yellow earths (Gn2.61), with lesser (Gn2.64) and (Gn2.74), are probably dominant. Closely associated are important areas of loamy or, less commonly, sandy red earths (Gn2.11, Gn2.14); these usually occur on well-defined stream levees. Smaller areas of friable earths (Gn3.71) and (Gn3.91) and deep loamy duplex soils (Dy3.81) also occur. The higher stony ridges have shallow gravelly duplex soils (Dy3.41) and shallow stony loams (Um2.12) and (Um4.1). Data are fairly limited. Occurs on sheet(s): 7"

2.6 Geology

The site geology is distributed over undifferentiated Ordovician and Silurian units and the Gowan Green Group.

2.7 Hydrogeology

From the Geoscience Australia hydrogeology dataset, the groundwaters beneath the site are crossed over two units. They are described as porous extensive highly productive aquifers and fractured or fissured closer to the Macquarie River environs and extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity elsewhere.

2.8 Biophysical Strategic Agricultural Land

The site is located within a Biophysical Strategic Agricultural Land (BSAL) area, NSW DPE 2016. The dataset comes with an important note for users, that 'mapping was done at a regional scale, not at a property boundary level' therefore, a site-specific assessment is required to gauge the development against the BSAL mapping. A further investigation of the metadata which provides criteria for the BSAL mapping demonstrates that the site is within two classes being 'grazing - modified pasture' in the east and 'dryland cropping' in the west, OEH 2018. This is in conflict with the criteria for the BSAL mapping which suggests that land capability classes I or II under the Land and Soil Capability Mapping of NSW is BSAL land. Of note the incorrect classes have been applied to the BSAL mapping with the old land classes I and II from the NSW Agriculture 2002 system being incorrectly applied to the Land and Soil Capability Classes of 1 and 2, OEH 2012. The classification systems are inverse which confuses the relevance of the BSAL dataset for use in land classification.

However, this assessment of the subject site categorises the land as Class 3 in the western lower slopes and plains and Class 4 on the eastern higher slopes and crests by reference to the Land and Soil Capability Classes, OEH 2012. Class 3 is defined as having moderate agricultural limitations with careful management required while Class 4 has moderate to high agricultural limitations with restricted management options. More on the site-specific impacts of the proposal and the recommended management can be seen in section 6.6.

3.0 Scope of Works

The requirement for the review of the Douglas Partners geotechnical investigation is to satisfy the specification in the NSW DPI SEARs for the project which are as follows:

- A detailed soil survey to consider the potential for erosion and impacts associated with sodic soils, and paying particular attention to the compatibility of the development with the existing land uses on the site and adjacent land (e.g. operating mines, extractive industries, mineral or petroleum resources, exploration activities, aerial spraying, dust generation, and risk of weed and pest infestation) during operation and after decommissioning, with reference to the zoning provisions applying to the land, and measures [proposed to appropriately avoid, reduce or mitigate these impacts (including protentional landuses sharing arrangements with agriculture); and
- Proposed baseline data collection and monitoring to be adopted to inform rehabilitation, including a land capability assessment of the proposed disturbance footprint.

4.0 Results

As follows is a map of the investigated site and approximate pit locations, Figure 1.



Figure 1: Soil survey investigation pit locations.

4.1 Field Survey

A free soil survey was conducted with 34 investigation points across the 492ha property. Classification of the soils was carried out as per The Australian Soil Classification (Isbell, 1996). Density of the investigation points was at a 'Moderately High (Detailed)' intensity level by reference to the Guidelines for Surveying Soil and Land Resources (2008) which was

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deemed appropriate for satisfying the objectives for detailed project planning. The soils encountered were typical of the locale, generally falling into reconnaissance survey classes. Slight variations in profiles exist due to the complex soil sequences that are associated with such. Soil moisture contents varied between soil types but were generally found to be moderately moist at depth. Free groundwater was not encountered to the investigated depths.

4.2 Typical Soil Profiles

Soils have been classified into a typical soil profile across the site as per the Australian Soil Classification system (Isbell, 1996) and the Great Soil Groups (Stace *et al.*, 1968). Representative photographs from profiles examined can be seen below with a brief description of the profile characteristics. All investigation points were located on managed agricultural lands. Field soil log sheets and pit photographs can be seen attached.

4.2.3 Ferrosols (Equivalent to Euchrozems).

Topsoil

Dark reddish-brown clay loams to light clays, moderately well-structured with sub-angular or angular blocky peds. Field pH increases from 5.5 to 7.0 in the A horizon; to 35cm depth. Gradual boundary to-

Subsoils

Moderate to strongly structured reddish-brown light to medium clays with smooth-faced, subangular or polyhedral peds. Gravel increases with depth and soft nodules of calcium carbonate begin to appear at about 90cm depth. Field pH 8.0 to 8.5.

As follows are photographs of typical profiles found across the farm, pits 8 and 11 that can be seen in **Figures 2 and 3**.

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Soil Survey Report: Wellington Solar Farm

Figure 2: Photograph of soil pit 8

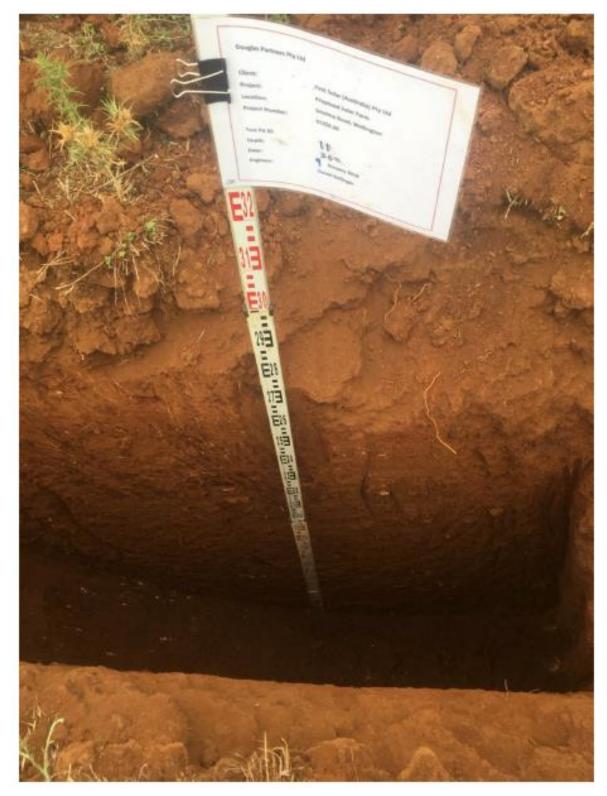


Figure 3: Photograph of soil pit 11

4.4 Laboratory Analysis

24 representative soil samples were obtained and analysed at a NATA accredited laboratory for the establishment of baseline soil data that may be referred to and used in preparation of a site decommissioning plan. Laboratory certificates of analysis can be found in the attachments and soil parameters can be seen summarised in **Table 2**. Topsoil and subsoil samples were tested for pH, Electrical Conductivity (EC), chloride, sulphate, available phosphorous, Phosphorous Buffer Index (PBI) and Emerson class number.

4.4.1 Topsoil Analysis

Eight topsoil samples from representative locations were analysed for pH, EC, phosphorous and PBI.

4.4.1.1 pH & Electrical Conductivity

Topsoil pH ranged from 5.5 to 7.2 and can be classed as being 'strongly to slightly acid' (Bruce & Rayment, 1982). Electrical conductivity (EC) ranged from $91 - 340\mu$ S/cm and are classed as non-saline (Richards, 1954).

4.4.1.2 Cation Exchange Capacity & Exchangeable Sodium Percentage

Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) ranges from 11 to 26cmol(+)/kg. CEC of the soils is rated by Metson, (1961) from low (6-12) to moderate (12-25). Exchangeable Sodium Percentage (ESP) were all <% which is given a sodicity rating of 'non-sodic' Hazelton & Murphy, 2007.

4.4.1.3 Colwell Phosphorus and Phosphorus Buffer Index

Colwell P is generally high (>25mg/kg). Phosphorus Buffering Index (PBI) ranged from 350 to 1,600 and is classed from 'high' to 'very high' (Burkitt *et al.*, 2002).

4.4.1.4 Calcium:Magnesium Ratio

Ca:Mg ratio should be at least 2:1. Effects of higher calcium contents are non-discernible however higher magnesium content may result in soil dispersion. Ca:Mg determined for topsoils returned results ranging from 2.9 to 5.1, indicating that there is low potential for dispersion and swelling of topsoils upon wetting.

4.4.2 Subsoil Analysis

4.4.2.1 pH & Electrical Conductivity

Subsoil pH ranged from 6.7 to 9.1 and can be classed as being neutral to strongly alkaline (Bruce & Rayment, 1982). EC ranged from 15 - 500µS/cm and are rated as non-saline (Richards, 1954).

4.4.2.2 Aggregate Stability

Determination of aggregate stability indicated that the majority of soils have slight to negligible dispersibility. (Hazelton & Murphy, 2007).

5.0 Summary of Test Results

 Table 2: Topsoil - Results of laboratory testing.

Pit/Sample	Horizon	pH (1:5 Water)	Electrical Conductivity	Colwell P	PBI	CEC	Calcium	Magnesium	Sodium	Potassium	Aluminium	Aluminium % of Cations	Calcium % of Cations	Magnesium % of Cations	Sodium % of Cations	Potassium % of Cations	Ca/Mg Ratio
Units	ı	•	µS/cm	mg/kg	·	cmol(+)/kg	cmol(+)/kg	cmol(+)/kg	cmol(+)/kg	cmol(+)/kg	Cmol(+)/kg	%	%	%	%	%	•
3	А	7.2	100	25	760	22	15	3.7	<0.1	3.1	-	-	68	17	<1	14	4.1
8	А	6.8	100	31	570	19	13	3.9	<0.1	2.2	-	-	68	21	<1	12	3.3
9	А	7.0	91	63	480	26	19	3.7	<0.1	3.3	-	-	73	14	<1	13	5.1
12	А	5.5	300	97	560	11	6.6	1.7	<0.1	2.5	-	-	60	15	<1	23	3.9
13	А	5.9	160	30	600	16	10	3.4	<0.1	2.3	-	-	63	21	<1	14	2.9
17	А	6.3	150	42	560	20	13	3.2	<0.1	3.9	-	-	65	16	<1	20	4.1
18	А	5.5	340	58	350	12	7.5	2.1	<0.1	2.4	-	-	63	18	<1	20	3.6
22	А	6.1	110	58	1600	14	9.3	2.3	<0.1	2.1	-	-	66	16	<1	15	4.0

	r too anto or	aborato		9												
Pit/sample	1	3	4	7	7	9	13	14	13	14	17	18	19	24	32	32
Depth (m)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0	0.9	0.5	0.6	1.2	0.9	0.3	2.2	1.0	2.5	0.5	2.0
рН	6.9	6.7	7.1	6.9	8.3	8.3	7.9	7.9	8.7	8.4	7.6	8.6	8.1	9.1	7.5	8.2
EC	21	34	38	41	75	72	64	42	500	120	28	270	24	73	15	110
Emerson class number	Зb	5	5	5	3b	5	7	3b	4	3b	5	1	3b	4	5	4

Table 3: Subsoil - Results of laboratory testing

6.0 Comments and Recommendations

The discussion and recommendations provided below are based on field observations and testing at discrete locations.

6.1 Potential Limitations

Potential landscape limitations have been summarised in Table 4 below.

Table 4: Potential landscape limitation assessment

Soil Type	Erosion Hazard	Salinity Risk	Acid Soil	Waterlogging Risk	Acid Sulfate Soils	Infrastructure
Ferrosol	LOW	LOW	YES	MODERATE	NO	MODERATE

As follows is the soil landscape map (OEH, 2018) that has been generally validated by the soil survey through laboratory and field techniques, **Figure 4**. As such, management practices can be grouped into management classes of either soil landscape units or Australian Soil Classification units. This report identifies management practices for the single ASC unit in section 6.6 below.



Figure 4: Bodangora soil landscape with site overlay

Employ the use of sediment control

measures to prevent off and on-site

Protect inlets, storm drain outlets and

and

general

6.2 Erosion Control

In order to mitigate the occurrence of erosion the following primary principles should be adhered to, particularly throughout the construction period of the project. Best Management Practices (BMP's) should be employed where applicable to further reduce the risk of potential erosion and sediment control.

- Integrate project design with any site constraints.
- Preserve and stabilise drainageways.
- Minimise the extent and duration of

 disturbance.
- Control stormwater flows onto, through and from the site in stable drainage structures.
 - er flows onto, Provide access the site in stable construction controls.

damage.

culverts.

- Inspect and maintain sediment and erosion control measures regularly.
- Install perimeter controls.
- Stabilise disturbed areas promptly.
- Protect steep slopes.

The risk of erosion on site due to construction activities is considered low due to the very low relief and generally low salinity and sodicity of topsoils and subsoils. Excavation of subsoils should be limited where possible, and excavated subsoils should be stockpiled and contained to avoid potential dispersion and sediment transfer. Ground cover around the structures should be maintained where possible. Maintenance of ground cover will also aid in the prevention of topsoil losses from wind erosion.

Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction Volume 1 (Landcom, 2004) and Volume 2A & 2C (DECC, 2008) should be consulted further in the development an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP).

6.3 Acid Sulfate Soils

Acid sulphate soils is the common name given to naturally occurring soils containing iron sulphides. Exposure of the sulphides present in these soils to oxygen from drainage or excavation will lead to the generation of sulfuric acid. Field pH of these soils in their undisturbed state is generally pH4 or less.

Landscape characteristics such as; the dominance of mangroves, reeds, rushes and other marine/estuarine or swamp-tolerant vegetation, low lying areas, back swamps or scalded areas of coastal estuaries and floodplains and sulphurous smell following rain after prolonged dry periods (Stone *et al*, 1998) after soil disturbance were not observed. There was no evidence of a jarositic horizon or jarosite precipitates or coatings on any root channels or cracks in the soil.

From the soil survey conducted, it has been deduced that acid sulfate soils are not present on site.

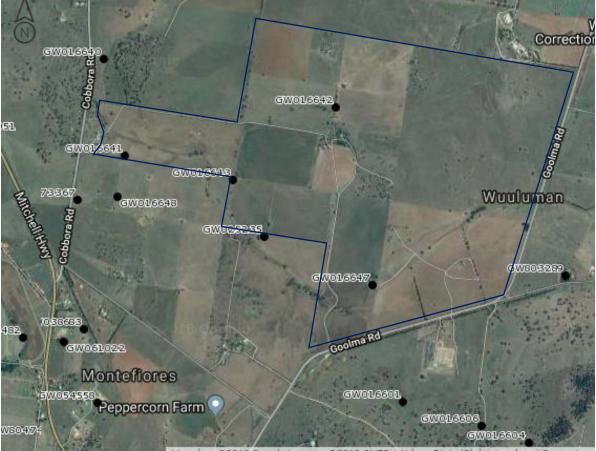
6.4 Potential Impacts on Salinity, Groundwater Resources and Hydrology

Current operational procedures include dryland farming and grazing. Associated water features drainage plains and lines and five groundwater bores. At the time of investigation, the pasture condition appeared to be poor with minimal ground cover which would increase the flux of rainwater into the subsoil through recharge. Given the soils on site are classified as 'non-sodic' and low salinity the risk of salt build up in discharge areas is thought to be low

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risk. However, changing direction of surface waters and any run-on should be avoided as local changes in the water regime are likely to mobilise any salts stores, however low, in the soil. Deep rooted vegetation should be maintained where present and established where not and ground clearing should be minimised.

There are five groundwater bores found within the subject the site as can be seen in **Figure 55** below. <u>http://allwaterdata.water.nsw.gov.au/water.stm</u>



Map data ©2018 Google Imagery ©2018 CNES / Airbus. DigitalGlobe Landsat / Copernicus

Figure 5: Registered groundwater bores on site

The details of the bore construction for the bores located above are shown as follows in **Table 5** (DPI, 2017).

Bore ID	Drilled depth (m)	Water bearing zone (m)	Standing water level (m)	AHD (m)	Purpose
GW016641	8.5	No data	No data	300	Stock
GW016642	20.7	No data	No data	330	Stock
GW016643	7.3	No data	No data	310	Stock
GW016647	10.4	No data	No data	340	Stock
GW025235	61.0	No data	No data	320	Stock

As can be seen above the groudwater bores are all for stock use and are located adacent to drainage lines. The groudwater is likely to be in alluvial layers and be responisve to rainfall event in terms of standing water level and salinity. From a review of the current and propsed site operations the potential impacts on saliity, groundwater and hydrology are through to be low.

6.5 Potential Impacts on Agricultural Resources

The proposal is to install solar panels for a short to medium term period with a view to restore the land to the original land use setting upon decommissioning. The proposal is to build limited infrastructure in the form of boundary roads and substations while the solar panels will be installed on pile driven posts or on small pad footings. Upon decommissioning of the solar farm, the pile driven posts or small pad footings will be removed causing minimal soil and landscape disturbance and the land will be fit for purpose for continued primary industry use dependent upon the soil management responses outlined as follows being implemented. During operation of the solar farm ground cover will be maintained and managed with the option for slashing, crash grazing, reseeding and amelioration with fertiliser and/or lime dependant upon the results of the monitoring and reporting carried out. Therefore, based on the findings of this report from the site-specific assessment, the proposal will have limited impact on agricultural resources, and the land upon decommissioning of the solar farm will be suitable for alternative land uses such as forestry and mining in addition to agriculture.

6.6 Soil Characteristics and Management Responses

As follows are the soil characteristics and management responses to the soil type found on site.

6.6.1 Ferrosols

Table 6: Characteristics and management responses

Soil Property	Behaviour of soil to activity or environment	Management responses/measures
Soil Surface		
These soils generally have moderate structure in the surface and subsoil and are non- sodic.	Surface structure can deteriorate following prolonged cultivation/ handling to produce a hardsetting surface.	Excessive cultivation or handling of these soils should be avoided. Soil structure and surface infiltration rate can be maintained through the incorporation of composted organic matter and by maintaining vegetative cover. Limit traffic and do not disturb unless necessary to avoid destruction of the soil structure. Construct gravel roads on the site and limit access off these roads.
Expansive Clays		
These soils contain little to no shrink swell clays.	Some of these soils may contain layers of shrink swell clays at depth.	Reinstate soils in order they are removed (ie. topsoil above subsoil) to reduce possible effect on infrastructure.
Clay subsoils		
These soils contain clay loam to medium clay subsoils that are mainly grouped into a red group.	Subsoils have moderate to strong structure with texture ranging from clay loam to medium clay. Where these soils are formed on weathered rock profiles may be shallow (some rocky), while those developed on alluvium are deep. The subsoil of this soil type is generally suitable for most earthwork purposes. However both the topsoil and subsoil are prone to structural decline and compaction.	Relieve compaction of subsoil material where revegetation required, amelioration may assist. Excessive handling of these soils should be avoided.

Soil Property	Behaviour of soil to activity or environment	Management responses/measures
Dispersion		
These soils are usually non-dispersive.	These soils generally have low sodium content (ie. non-sodic) and as a result are likely to be nondispersive. However, these soils may be susceptible to rill and sheet erosion when left exposed to heavy rainfall and/or stream bank erosion when located adjacent to watercourses.	Maintain cover to reduce sheet and rill erosion. Final shaping of sloping land should avoid the concentration of water flows (ie. maintain sheet flow). Stream bank erosion managed by maintaining vegetative cover and encouraging plants with fibrous root systems.
Salinity		
Due to their free drainage characteristics, these soils generally have low salt levels (depending on parent material and landscape practices)	Soil parent material often contains minimal salt, this in combination with elevated landscape position with good runoff and/ or permeable soil characteristics are such that these soils do not generally contain high salt concentration within the soil profile	Maintain site drainage. Avoid applying poor quality water (ie. salty) water to these soils to maintain low salinity status
Fertility		
These soils are often fertile with clay textured soils generally the best.	Moderate clay content and moderate fertility.	May require limited fertiliser additions to stimulate plant growth, particularly nitrogen and phosphorus (depending on plants). Topsoil conservation should be maximised through appropriate soil handling practices. Addition of organic matter in the form of composted organics will maintain fertility, nutrient retention assist to and improve moisture holding capacity of these soils.

Soil Property	Behaviour of soil to activity or environment	Management responses/measures
Revegetation		
These soils have strongly to slightly acid pH, they are well drained with good fertility and plant available water holding capacity (depending on profile depth).	Plant species need be selected that are adapted to these conditions.	Relieve any compaction present and ensure adequate fertility for quick establishment (testing required). Shallow profiles will require frequent, low volume watering. Deep profiles can be watered for longer periods and less frequently (monitor moisture conditions). Protect surface with mulch material to reduce raindrop induced crusted or hardsetting surface. Stabilisation and revegetation targets and timeframes should be in accordance with IECA (2008) guidelines
Soil Handling		
These soils have very few limitations for agronomic and engineering uses.	The objective of soil handling is to minimise off site impacts and maximise the productive capacity of the soil on site consistent with the intended use.	Topsoil stripping should maximise available reserves and should avoid mixing salty and/or sodic subsoils – testing is recommended. Topsoil or subsoil stockpiles should be kept separate. Reinstate soil in the order they were removed (ie. lower subsoil below upper subsoil). To maintain soil structure, limit the handling of soil material and ensure traffic is concentrated on constructed road surfaces (reduce dust generation). Installation of erosion and sediment control structures may be required where soil is exposed (eg. clean water diversions upslope, sediment fences around stockpiles). Trafficability of these soils should be avoided when wet (structural decline), the use of gravel road surfaces may improve site access.

7.0 Notes relating to results

Groundwater

No Free groundwater was encountered during the investigation. A groundwater table or seepage may be present at other times and fluctuations in groundwater levels and seepage could occur due to rainfall, changes in temperature and other factors.

Bore hole / test pit logging

The information supplied in the log sheets is based on data supplied by visual and tactile assessment based on field conditions at the time of testing. The log sheets can include inferred data based on the experience of the geotechnician as well as factual data from in situ testing.

Samples

- D Disturbed sample
- B Bulk or composite sample
- U Undisturbed sample

Moisture Condition

- D Dry runs freely through the fingers
- M Moist does not run freely but is able to be formed
- W Wet free water visible on the soil surface

Consistency (Cohesive Soils)

Description	Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS)
Very soft	<25kPa
Soft	25-50kPa
Firm	50-100kPa
Stiff	100-200kPa
Very Stiff	200-400kPa
Hard	>400kPa

Relative Density (Cohesionless Soils)

Description Very Loose	N Value blows per 300mm 0-4	Density Index Range% <15	Soil Friction Angle (degrees) <30
Loose	4-10	15-35	30-35
Medium	10-30	35-65	35-40
Dense	30-50	65-85	40-45
Very Dense	>50	>85	<45

8.0 Disclaimer

The information contained in this report has been extracted from field and laboratory sources believed to be reliable and accurate. DM McMahon Pty Ltd will not assume any responsibility for the misinterpretation of information supplied in this report. The accuracy and reliability of recommendations identified in this report need to be evaluated with due care according to individual circumstances. It should be noted that the recommendations and findings in this report are based solely upon the said site location and the ground level conditions at the time of testing. The results of the said investigations undertaken are an overall representation of the conditions encountered. The properties of the soil within the location may change due to variations in ground conditions outside of the tested area. The author has no control or liability over site variability that may warrant further investigation that may lead to significant design changes.

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10.0 Attachments

Field soil logs Laboratory results



DOCUMENT ATTACHMENTS

REPORT 2018

DM McMahon Pty Ltd 6 Jones Street, (PO Box 6118) Wagga Wagga NSW 2650

t (02) 6931 0510 www.dmmcmahon.com.au



Attachment 01 : Field soil logs

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 685150 NORTHING: 6400915 PIT No: 1 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

	_		Description	lic		San		& In Situ Testing	5				
RL	Dept (m)	th)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water		namic Pene (blows p	per mm)	
-			Strata TOPSOIL - Brown gravelly silt topsoil, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand clay and rootlets	XX		0.05	Se		-	5	5 <u>10</u>	15	20
	- - -	.14 -	some fine to coarse grained sand clay and rootlets GRAVELLY CLAY / CLAYEY GRAVEL - (Hard / dense), red-brown gravelly clay / clayey gravel, gravel portion subrounded up to 50mm in size, trace to some silt and fine to coarse grained sand, (M <wp humid)<="" th=""><th></th><th>D</th><th>0.3 0.4</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></wp>		D	0.3 0.4				-			
	- - - - -1		nne to coarse grained sand, (w< wp / humid)		В	0.5				- - - - -			
	-	1.2	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red/orange/brown mottled off-white silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand, trace subrounded gravel up to 15mm in size, M <wp (possible="" th="" tuffaceous="" zones)<=""><th></th><th>D</th><th>1.3</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></wp>		D	1.3				-			
	-2				D	2.0				-2			
	-3 :	3.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation		D_	-3.0-				3			

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLINC	3 & IN SITU TESTING			7	
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)		
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)		
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)		
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)		
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test		
Е	Environmental sample	Ŧ	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)		



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684992 NORTHING: 6401177 PIT No: 2 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

	_	Description	ic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	<u> </u>				- <i>i</i>
Я	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dyna	amic Pene (blows p	etromete per mm)	r lest
		Strata				Sar	Comments	-	5	10	15 :	20
	- - 0.25 ·	TOPSOIL - Brown gravelly silt topsoil, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand and clay, abundant organics	88	D	0.05				-			•
	- 0.25	GRAVELLY CLAY / CLAYEY GRAVEL - (Hard), red-brown gravelly clay / clayey gravel, gravel portion subrounded up to 50mm in size, trace to some silt and								•		•
	-	subrounded up to 50mm in size, trace to some silt and fine to coarse grained sand, (M <wp)< td=""><td></td><td>В</td><td>0.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></wp)<>		В	0.5					•		
	- - 0.75				0.6				-	•		
	- 0.73	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown mottled off-white silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand and		D	0.8 0.85				-	•		•
	- 1	subrounded gravel up to 15mm in size, M <wp (possible="" td="" tuffaceous="" zones)<=""><td>1/1</td><td>U₅₀</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp>	1/1	U ₅₀					-1			
	-		1/1 1/1	- 30					-			
	- - 1.4-				1.3					•		
	-	SANDY CLAY - Hard, pale brown sandy clay, fine to coarse grained, with trace silt and subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size, $M \leq Wp$ (completely weathered rock)							-			
	-									•		
	-		· / · / ·									
	-2		·/·/·	D	2.0				-2			
	-											
	-								-			
	-											
	-								-			
	-									-		
	-3 3.0 -	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation		—D—	-3.0-				-3			
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	IPLING	& IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END		
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)		
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)		
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa		
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	1	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test		
E	Environmental sample	¥	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)		



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684728 NORTHING: 6400751 PIT No: 3 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

			Description	.cj		San	npling a	& In Situ Testing	L_			
ā	De (r	pth n)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynamic (blow	Penetrom s per 150	
	-	0.1	TOPSOIL - Brown clayey silt topsoil, with some fine to	$\gamma \gamma$	D	0.05	0,					
	-	0.1	Coarse grained sand and rootlets // SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel up to 20mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>В</td><td>0.3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>٦</td></wp<>		В	0.3						٦
	-				U ₅₀	0.6				-		
	- 1 - - - - -	1.8			D	0.94				-1		
	-2	1.0	META SILTSTONE - (Very low strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone		D	2.2				-2		
		2.0	From 2.4m, (low to medium and high strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered), slow excavation progress		D	2.8						
	-3	3.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation							-4		

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END]
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
Е	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684503 NORTHING: 6401314 PIT No: 4 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		Description	jc		San		& In Situ Testing	<u> </u>	Dynamic Penetrometer Test		
R	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynamic F (blows	s per 150mm)	
		Strata	0	Ţ		San	Comments		5 1	0 15 20	
	- 0.1	TOPSOIL - Brown slightly sandy silt, fine to coarse grained, with some organics and subrounded gravel up to 20mm in size, trace to some clay		D D	0.05						
	- 0.35 -	GRAVELLY CLAY - Hard, brown gravelly clay, gravel			0.4				-		
	-	And fine to coarse grained sand, M <wp< th=""><th></th><th>В</th><th>0.5</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th></th></wp<>		В	0.5				-		
	-	subrounded gravel up to 30mm in size, M <wp< th=""><th></th><th>D</th><th>0.6</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th></th></wp<>		D	0.6				-		
	- 0.9								-		
	- 1	META SILTSTONE - (Low to medium and high strength), moderately weathered to slightly weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone, within extremely low		D	1.0				-1		
	-	strength matrix (soil like properties)	- <u> </u>								
	-		· _						-		
	-		·						-		
	-								-		
	-		· · _	D	1.8				-		
	-		· -								
	-2	From 2.0m, slow excavation progress (matrix less weathered)							-2		
	-	weathered)	· · _						-		
	-								-		
	-		·						-		
	-		· · .						[
	2.65	Pit discontinued at 2.65m, refusal due to slow excavation progress	L						-		
	-										
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END	
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D	Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	¥	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684395 NORTHING: 6401736 PIT No: 5 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Γ	Dorth	Description	hic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	эг	Dynamic Bo	netrometer Test
RL	Depth (m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	(blows p	15 20
	- 0.1	TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse		D	0.05	0)				
	-	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel up to 15mm in size, M <wp< th=""><th></th><th>D</th><th>0.4</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></wp<>		D	0.4					
	- 0.7	META SILTSTONE - (Low to medium strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone, within extremely low strength matrix (soil like properties)		D	0.8				-	
	- 1 - - -	From 1.0m, (medium to high strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered), slow excavation progress (matrix less weathered)		D	1.2				-1	
	-		· ·							
	1.75	Pit discontinued at 1.75m, refusal		D	1.7				-	
	-2								-2	
									-4	

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAMP	LING	3 & IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END	
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 682782 NORTHING: 6401179 PIT No: 6 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		Description	ic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	2	D:	mia Dara -		Toot
RL	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water		mic Pene (blows p		
	0.03 -	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand, trace organics,		– – –	0.01	Sa			-	10	15	20
	-	M <wp SANDY SILT - Hard, brown sandy silt, fine to coarse grained, with trace to some clay, trace organics, M<wp< td=""><td>· · · ·</td><td>B</td><td>0.3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<></wp 	· · · ·	B	0.3							
	- 0.5	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>U</td><td>0.55</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>		U	0.55				-			•
	-	some fine to coarse grained sand, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>U₅₀</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>		U ₅₀								•
	- 1				0.82				-1			
	-			D	1.2				-			•
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	-2			D	2.0				-2			
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	-3 3.0-	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation		—D—	-3.0-				-3			
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAMP	LINC	3 & IN SITU TESTING			1	
A A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)		
	3ulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)		
BLK E	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)		
C (Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)		
DD	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test		
ΕE	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)		



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 638020 NORTHING: 6401757 PIT No: 7 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

			Description	ic.		San		& In Situ Testing	Ļ		_ .		
R	ם C	epth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynami (blc	c Penetror ws per 15	meter I 60mm)	est
		. ,	Strata	G	тy	De	San	Comments	-	5	10 1	15 2	20
	-	0.12	TOPSOIL - Red-brown clayey silt topsoil, with some fine to coarse grained sand and organics	Ň	D	0.05				-			
	ł		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with fine to coarse grained sand, subrounded gravel (siltstone							-			1
	t		coarse grained sand, subrounded gravel (siltstone fragments) up to 20mm in size and organics, M <wp< td=""><td>1/1/</td><td>D</td><td>0.3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>:</td></wp<>	1/1/	D	0.3							:
					В	0.4							:
	ł		From 0.6m, with trace gravel and sand			0.55							:
	ŀ			1/1	U ₅₀					-			:
	[:
	- 1					0.98 1.0				-1			:
	ł					1.0				-			
	Į												
	ŀ			1/1/								-	:
	ł									-			:
	t												:
	ŀ									-			:
	ł	1.9	META SILTSTONE - (Extremely low strength, extremely							-			
	-2		weathered) grey and brown meta siltstone		D	2.0				-2	:		:
	-									-			:
	ł												:
	ł		From 2.4m, (low to medium strength, moderately		D	2.5				-			:
	[weathered)			2.5							:
	ł		From 2.6m, slow excavation progress							-			
	ŀ									-	:		:
	-3	3.0		· -		-3.0-				3		<u> </u>	:
	ŀ		Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation							-			:
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLINC	3 & IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END	1	
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)		
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)		
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D	Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)		
С	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)		
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test		
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)		



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684200 NORTHING: 6400911 PIT No: 8 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

			Description	U		Sam	npling &	& In Situ Testing					
RL	Dep (m	th	of	Graphic Log	e	Ę	ple	Posulte &	Water	Dyr	amic Pene (blows)	etromete per mm)	r Test
		,	Strata	ອ_	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	>	5		15	20
	-		TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, with some clay and organics, trace subrounded gravel up to 20mm in size	M	D	0.05							
	- 0).14		111						-			
	ŀ		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size, M <wp< th=""><th></th><th>В</th><th>0.3</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>:</th></wp<>		В	0.3							:
	[1/1		0.4							:
	-										•	:	:
	ŀ				D	0.7					•		:
	-			1/1							•	÷	:
	-1									-1			
	-												
	ŀ			1/1/							•		:
		1.4											:
	-		SILTY CLAY - Hard, grey and brown silty clay, with some fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded		D	1.5				-	•	:	:
	-		gravel (siltstone fragments) up to 50mm in size, M <wp (completely="" rock)<="" td="" weathered=""><td>1/1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>÷</td><td>:</td></wp>	1/1							•	÷	:
			(,,,										
	ŀ									-			
	-2			1/1/	D	2.0				-2	•		:
											•	÷	:
	ŀ	2.3											:
	ŀ		META SILTSTONE - (Low to medium strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered) grey and brown								•	:	:
	Į		meta siltstone										
	-			· · ·						-			
	F										•		
	-3	20			—D—	-3.0-					•		:
	[3.0-	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation		_0_	-3.0-					•		:
	F									-	•		
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING]
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample		Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D	Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
С	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684336 NORTHING: 6399978 PIT No: 9 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Γ			Description	ic		San		& In Situ Testing			
Я	De (r	pth n)	of	Graphic Log	ЭС	ţ	Sample	Results &	Water	Dynamic (blow	Penetrometer Test vs per 150mm)
	`	<i>,</i>	Strata	Ū	Type	Depth	San	Results & Comments		5	10 15 20
	-		TOPSOIL - Brown slightly sandy silt topsoil, fine to medium grained, with some clay and rootlets		D	0.1				-	
	ļ	0.18	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with fine to medium grained sand and trace subrounded gravel up		D	0.3				-	
	ł		to 20mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td>1/1/</td><td>В</td><td>0.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>	1/1/	В	0.4					
	ł			K//		0.5					
	ļ				D	0.6					
	ł				D					-	
	-1	1.0		1/1/		0.9				-1	
	ł		META SILTSTONE - (Very low to low strength, highly weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone							-	
	ł			· _ · ·							
	Į			· · ·	D	1.4					
	Ļ					1.4				-	
	ŀ			- · - · ·							
	ł										
	t		From 1.8m, (medium to high strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered and fresh, within								
	2		weathered to slightly weathered and fresh, within extremely weathered matrix (soil like properties))	<u> </u>						-2	
	ŀ									-	
	ł			<u> </u>	D	2.2					
	ł									-	
	[<u> </u>							
	ŀ			<u> </u>							
	ł			<u> </u>						-	
	ł			<u> </u>						-	
	-3	3.0		- · -						3	
	-	0.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation								
	ł										
	ł									-	
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAMP	PLINC	3 & IN SITU TESTING			1
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample		Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D)	Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

 SURFACE LEVEL: -

 EASTING:
 683647

 NORTHING:
 6399600

PIT No: 10 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		Description	Description					ing & In Situ Testing			
R	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynamic Pe (blows	netrometer per 150mm)	lest
	0.02	Strata	0		ص 0.01	Sar	Comments		5 10	15	20
	0.02 - -	TOPSOIL - Red-brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to medium grained, with some organics, trace subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size		D	0.01						1
	-	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand, trace organics and subangular gravel up to 5mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>В </td><td>0.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>		В 	0.4						
	- 0.6			U ₅₀	 0.57						
	-	META SANDSTONE - (Low to medium strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered) grey stained red/orange/brown meta sandstone									
	- -1			D	1.0				-1		
	-										
	-										•
	-	From 1.7m, (medium to high strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered)		D	1.8						•
	- 1.9 -2	Pit discontinued at 1.9m, refusal							-2		•
	-										•
	-										•
	-										•
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L											;

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING]
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
Е	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683424 NORTHING: 6400433 PIT No: 11 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

\square		Description	.ci		Sam		& In Situ Testing		
Я	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynamic Penetrometer Test (blows per 150mm)
	0.04 -	Strata			0.01	Sai	Comments		5 10 15 20
	· 0.2	TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse grained, with some organics and clay		D	0.1				
	. 0.2	\SANDY SILT - Hard, brown sandy silt, fine to coarse grained, with trace to some clay, trace organics, M <wp <="" td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.25</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp>		D	0.25				
		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine to coarse grained sand, trace organics, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.4 0.45</td><td></td><td>pp = 450</td><td></td><td></td></wp<>		D	0.4 0.45		pp = 450		
									-
				U ₅₀					
					0.9				
	-1								-1
									-
				D	1.5				
									-
	-2	From 2.0m, with trace to some sand, trace subrounded							-2
		gravel up to 15mm in size		D	2.2				
	-33.0-			—D—	-3.0-				
	-	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation							
									-
	-4								-4
	.								
	.								

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND										
A Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)						
B Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A	A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)						
BLK Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(C	D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)						
C Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)						
D Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test						
E Environmental sample	Ŧ	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)						



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683345 NORTHING: 6401062 PIT No: 12 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

	_	Description	ic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	<u> </u>				
R	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Uy	namic Pen (blows	etromete per mm)	riest
	0.00	Strata	0			San	Comments	_		5 10	15	20
	- 0.02	TOPSOIL - Brown slightly sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse grained, with some clay, abundant organics		D	0.01				-			
	- 0.25	\neg SANDY SILT - Hard, brown sandy silt, fine to coarse \neg grained, with trace to some clay, trace organics, M <wp <="" td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp>		D	0.2				-			
	-	SANDY SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown sandy silty clay, fine to coarse grained, with trace gravel, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>· · ·</td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>		D	0.4				-	· · ·		•
	-			В	0.5 0.6				-			
	- 0.8 -								_			
	-	META SILTSTONE - (Extremely low to very low strength, extremely weathered to highly weathered),							-	· · ·		
	-1	grey and red brown meta siltstone		-					-1	· · ·		
	-		· _ · -	D	1.2				-			•
	-											•
	-								-			•
	-			-					-			•
	-		<u> </u>	-					Į.			•
	-			-					-			•
	-2	From 2.0m (low strength, highly weathered), within		D	2.0				-2	· · ·		•
	-	extremely weathered matrix (soil-like properties))							[•
	-								-			• • •
	-			D	2.5							•
	-				2.5				-			•
	-		· · -	-					-			• • •
	-	From 2.8m, (low to medium and high strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered, within		-					-			•
	-3 3.0	 extremely weathered matrix (soil like properties)) 	· · _	-D-	-3.0-			-	-3			•
	-	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation							-			•
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END]
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	¥	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683230 NORTHING: 6400716 PIT No: 13 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		.	Description	jc		San		& In Situ Testing	5	Dumanuia	
ā	뵈	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	blov (blov	c Penetrometer Test ws per 150mm)
L		0.00	Strata			ළ 	Sar	Comments		5	10 15 20
	ł	0.03	TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse / grained, with some organics and clay	1/1	D	0.01					
	ł		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with fine to coarse grained sand and trace gravel, trace organics,								
	Ţ		coarse grained sand and trace gravel, trace organics, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>0.35 0.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>			0.35 0.4					
	ł				в	0.4					4
	ł				<u>U₅₀</u> _	0.6					
	Į					0.8					
	ł			1/1/							
	ŀ	1								-1	
	Į					1.2					
	ł			11						-	
	ł									-	
	ļ				1						
	ł	1.7	META SILTSTONE - (Very low to low and medium								
	t		META SILTSTONE - (Very low to low and medium strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered within extremely low strength matrix (soil like	· ·	-						
	+	2	properties), grey and brown meta siltstone (ripped fragments typically up to 100mm in size)	· ·	D	2.0				-2	
	ł		hagments typically up to roomin in size,]						
	t										
	ł			<u> </u>						-	
	ł		From 2.5m, (extremely low to very low strength, extremely weathered to highly weathered)	<u> </u>	D	2.5					
	ţ		extremely weathered to highly weathered)	<u> </u>	-						
	ł									-	
	ł	3 3.0		·		-3.0-					
	F	3 3.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation			-3.0-				-	
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND										
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)					
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)					
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)					
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)					
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test					
E	Environmental sample	¥	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)					



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 682402 NORTHING: 6401110 PIT No: 14 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

\prod	Derth	Description	, Lic		San		& In Situ Testing		Dunamia	Penetrom	ator Toot
묍	Depth (m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	(blow	/s per 150	mm)
\vdash	0.04	TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse			 _0.01_	Š			5	10 15	20
	0.4	\grained, with some organics and clay // GRAVELLY SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown gravelly silty clay, gravel portion subrounded up to 15mm in size, trace fine to coarse grained sand, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.2</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></wp<>		D	0.2			-			-
	0.4	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown, silty clay, with fine to coarse grained sand and trace gravel, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>В</td><td>0.5 0.6</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>		В	0.5 0.6			-			
	- 1			D	0.9 0.95			-	- 1		
		From 1.2m, M≽Wp		U ₅₀	1.25						
	-2	From 2.0m, M>Wp From 2m depth, becoming clayey sand		D	2.5				-2		
-	-3 3.0-	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation		D	-3.0-			-	3		
	- 4								-4		

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Slight seepage observed in base (at 3.0m depth) while pit remained open

REMARKS:

SAMPL	ING & IN SITU TESTING	LEGEND	
A Auger sample	G Gas sample	PID Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B Bulk sample	P Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK Block sample	U, Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test (\$(50) (MPa)	I DOUDISE DPTDPC
C Core drilling	W Water sample	pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	Douglas Partners
D Disturbed sample	Water seep	S Standard penetration test	
E Environmental sample	Water level	V Shear vane (kPa)	Geotechnics Environment Groundwater
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 681973 NORTHING: 6401048 PIT No: 15 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Γ		Description			Sam	pling 8	& In Situ Testing		
R	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynamic Penetrometer Test (blows per 150mm)
		Strata				Sar	Comments		5 10 15 20
	0.14	TOPSOIL - Red-brown silty clay topsoil, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size, abundant rootlets SANDY SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand, trace subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.05</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>		D	0.05				
	-			В	0.6				
	-				0.65				
	-			U ₅₀	0.91				
	- 1 - -			D	1.0				-1
	-								
	-2	From 2.0m, M ≪Wp		D	2.0				-2
	-								
	-3								-3
	- 3.3 -	Pit discontinued at 3.3m, limit of investigation							
	- - -								
	- - 4								-4
	-								
	-								
	-								
	-								
L									

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Slight seepage observed in base (at 3.0m depth) while pit remained open

REMARKS:

Γ	SAMP	LIN	G & IN SITU TESTING	LEG	END		
	A Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID	Photo ionisation detector (ppm)		
	B Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A	A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)		
	BLK Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(C) Point load diametral test (\$(50) (MPa)		Indudise Parthere
	C Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	`qq	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)		Douglas Partners
	D Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test		
	E Environmental sample	Ŧ	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)		Geotechnics Environment Groundwater
	· · ·						

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684889 NORTHING: 6401603 PIT No: 16 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Γ		Description	.U		Sam	npling &	& In Situ Testing					
RL	Depth	of	Graphic Log	e	£	ole	D H A	Water	Dyna	mic Pene (blows p	etromete	r Test
	(m)	Strata	Ъ С	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	∣≥	5	10	15	20
			$ \gamma\rangle$		0.01	S		-	5			20
	- 0.1	TOPSOIL - Brown clayey sandy silt topsoil, with some \subrounded gravel up to 30mm in size	<u> </u>									•
	-	META SILTSTONE - (Low to medium strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered), grey stained	· · -						1	:	÷	•
	-	weathered to moderately weathered), grey stained red/orange/brown meta siltstone	· _ · ·	D	0.3					:		•
	[· _ ·									•
									[•
	_		<u> </u>							:	-	
	-		-·-							:	÷	•
	-		· _ · _						-	:		•
	-1		· _ · ·						-1			
	-		· _ ·						-			
	-	From 1.1m, (medium to highly strength, to slightly weathered to fresh stained)		D	1.2				-			•
	-		<u> </u>						-	÷	-	•
	-								-	:	-	•
			· · _	1					+ :	:	÷	•
	-		·						- :	÷	÷	•
	-	From 1.7m, (fresh stained to fresh)										
	-											
	-								-			
	-2								-2	:	-	
	-		· _ · _	_						:		•
	-		· — ·	D	2.2					:	÷	•
	24								:	:		
	- 2.4	Pit discontinued at 2.4m, practical refusal due to slow										•
	_	excavation progress								:	-	
	-								- :	:	-	•
	-								- :	:		•
	-								-			
	-3								-3	:		•
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING	LEGE	END]
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D	Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
С	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684910 NORTHING: 6400128 PIT No: 17 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

			Description	.e		Sam	npling a	& In Situ Testing	L .				
Ē		epth m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	(blow	Penetrom vs per 150		
F		0.1	TOPSOIL - Brown clayey silt topsoil, with some fine to	XX	D	0.05	0						
	[0.1				0.2				[[—j	
	ł		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red brown silty clay, with some to slightly gravelly, gravel portion subrounded up to 50mm in size, some fine to coarse grained sand, M <wp< td=""><td>1/1</td><td>В</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>l i</td><td></td></wp<>	1/1	В							l i	
	Ī				D	0.4 0.5						• • •	
	ł											•	
	ł	0.7	META SILTSTONE - (Low to medium strength, highly		D	0.0						• • •	
	[META SILTSTONE - (Low to medium strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone, within extremely weathered matrix			0.8						•	
	- 1		(soil-like properties)							-1		•	
	t			<u> </u>								• • •	
	[<u> </u>								• • • •	
	ł			<u> </u>									
	t			<u> </u>								•	
	[<u> </u>								• • •	
	ł												
	-2									-2			
	-									-		• • •	
	ł									_		•	
	Ī												
	+		From 2.4m, (medium to high strength, slightly weathered to fresh), slow excavation progress (matrix	· · ·	D	2.5						• • •	
	ł		less weathered)	·						-			
	Ī			· · · _								•	
	+											•	
	-3	3.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation							-3			
	-											•	
	ł											•	
	Ì											• • •	
	ŀ											•	
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	-4									-4		•	
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RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket LO

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING	LEGEND	
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample	PID Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
B	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

 SURFACE LEVEL: -

 EASTING:
 682978

 NORTHING:
 6400578

PIT No: 18 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		Description	ic		Sam	npling &	& In Situ Testing		
RL	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynamic Penetrometer Test (blows per 150mm)
		Strata	U		ළ 	San	Comments	<u> </u>	5 10 15 20
	0.03 -	☐ TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse grained, with some organics and clay		D					
	- 0.25 -	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with fine to coarse grained sand, trace organics, M <wp< th=""><th></th><th>D</th><th>0.2</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>[</th></wp<>		D	0.2				[
		SANDY SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown sandy silty clay, fine to coarse grained, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D</td><td>0.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>		D	0.5				
	- 0.6 - -	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine to coarse grained sand, trace organics, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>0.75</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>			0.75				
	- 1 -			U ₅₀					-1
					1.2				
				D	1.5				
	-2 -								-2
				D	2.2				
	-								
	-3 3.0 -	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation	rvv	—D—	-3.0-				3
	-								
	-								
	-								
	-								
	-4								-4
	-								
	-								
	-								
	- -								
	-								

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING			
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(C) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
С	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683765 NORTHING: 6401490 PIT No: 19 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		Description	Jic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	L.	Dura	antia Dana		- T
Я	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dyn	amic Pene (blows pe	r 150mm	n)
		Strata				Saı	Comments		5	10	15	20
	0.12	TOPSOIL - Brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse _ grained, with some clay and organics		D	0.05				-			-
	0.45	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay with gravel, gravel portion comprising subrounded siltstone fragments up to 15mm in size, trace fine to coarse grained sand and organics, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D D</td><td>0.25 0.3 0.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>		D D	0.25 0.3 0.4				-			
	-	SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel (siltstone fragments) typically up to 10mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wp<>							-			
	- 1 - - - -			D	1.0				-1			
	-2			D	2.0				-2			
	- - - 3 3.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation		—D—	-3.0-							
	-											
	- 4 								-4			

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING			
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample	PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(C) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
С	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
E	Environmental sample	ž	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

 SURFACE LEVEL: -

 EASTING:
 683870

 NORTHING:
 6400391

PIT No: 20 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

	Depth	Description	hic				& In Situ Testing	- La	Dynamic Pe	enetrometer Test
RL	(m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	(blows 5 10	per 150mm)
	0.03	TOPSOIL - Red-brown sandy silt topsoil, fine to medium grained, with some organics, trace subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size		D	0.01	0	pp >400			
		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to some fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel (weathered rock fragments), M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>D U₅₀</td><td>0.45 0.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></wp<>		D U ₅₀	0.45 0.5				-	
	- - - 1			 D	0.9				1	
									-	
	- 1.6 -	SANDY CLAY - Hard, brown sandy clay, fine to coarse grained, with trace to some silt and subrounded gravel / cobbles up to 150mm in size (completely weathered		D	1.5				-	
	- 2 - 2 -	rock), M<₩p		D	2.2				-2	
	-3 3.0	Pit discontinued at 3.0m, limit of investigation	[·/·/	—D—	-3.0-				-3	
	- 4 - 4								-4	
									-	
									-	

RIG: Hyundai 14 Tonne Excavator with 450mm wide toothed bucket

LOGGED: Ballinger

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while pit remained open

REMARKS:

	SAM	PLING	& IN SITU TESTING]
A	Auger sample	G	Gas sample		Photo ionisation detector (ppm)	
В	Bulk sample	Р	Piston sample) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)	
BLK	Block sample	U,	Tube sample (x mm dia.)	PL(D	Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)	
C	Core drilling	Ŵ	Water sample	pp	Pocket penetrometer (kPa)	
D	Disturbed sample	⊳	Water seep	S	Standard penetration test	
Е	Environmental sample	¥	Water level	V	Shear vane (kPa)	



SURVEY DATUM: MGA94



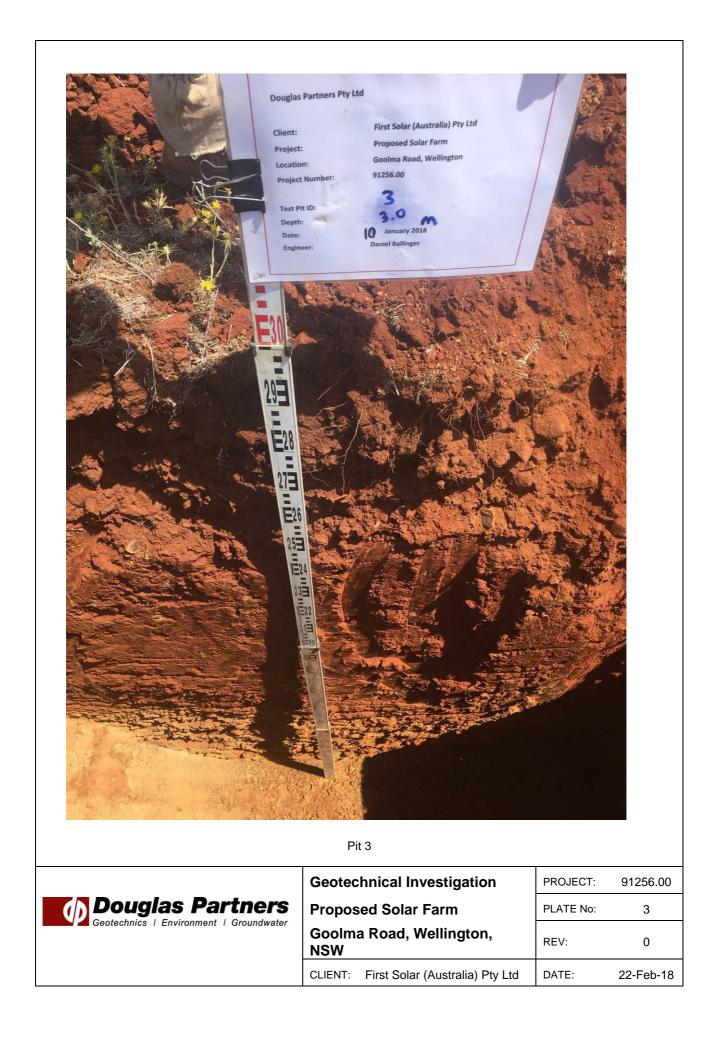


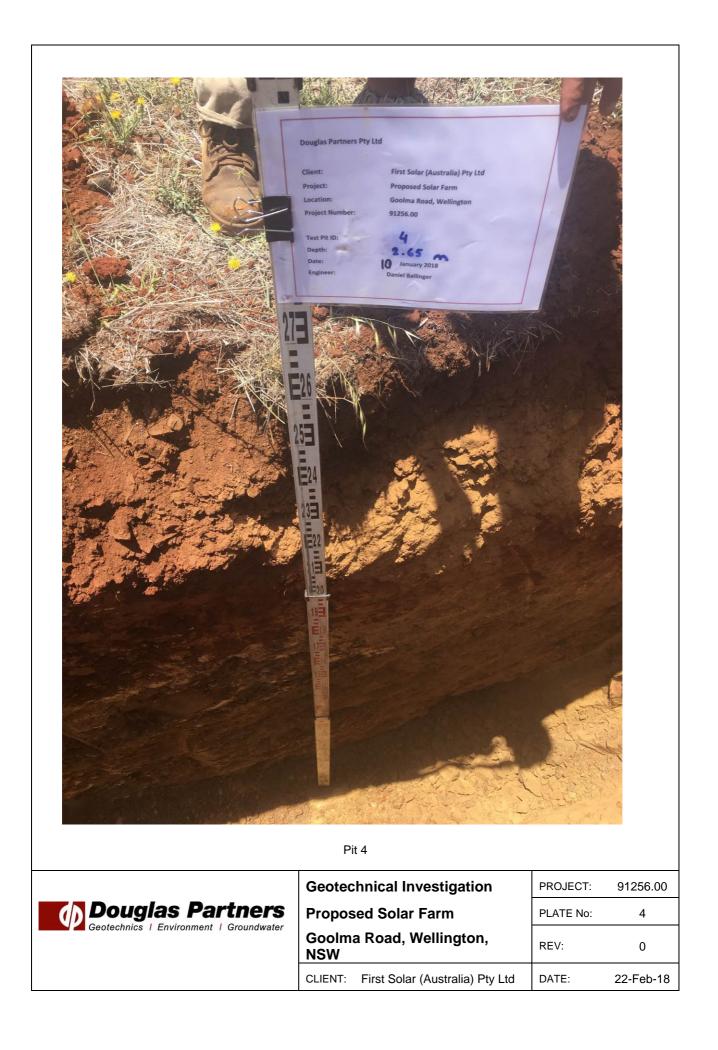
NSW

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

DATE:

22-Feb-18





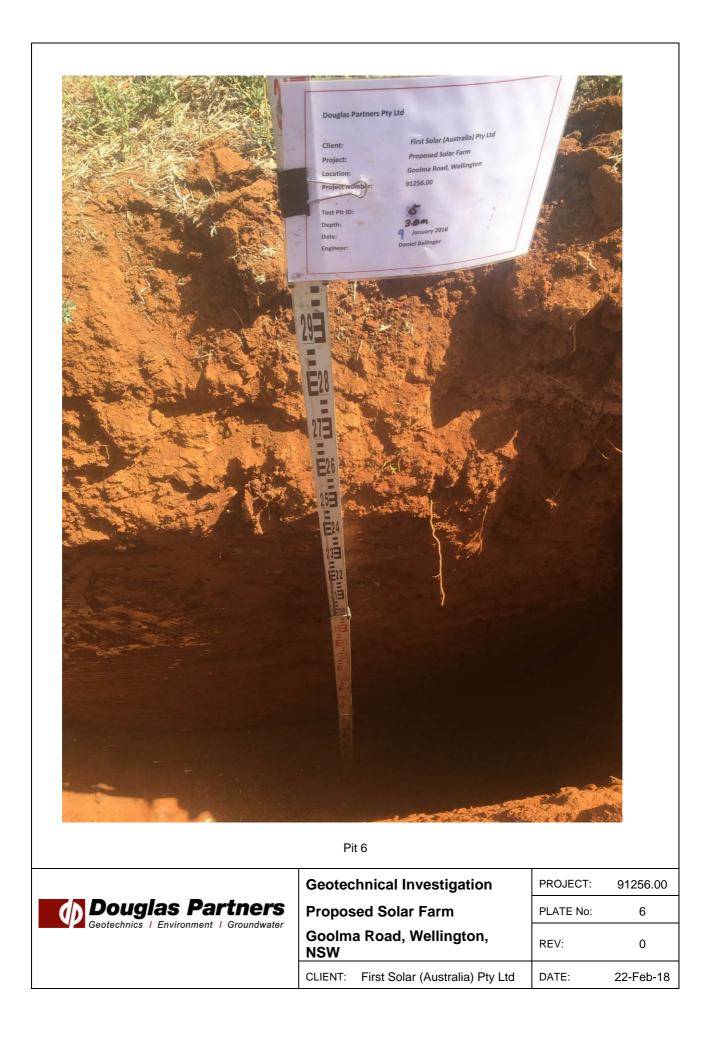


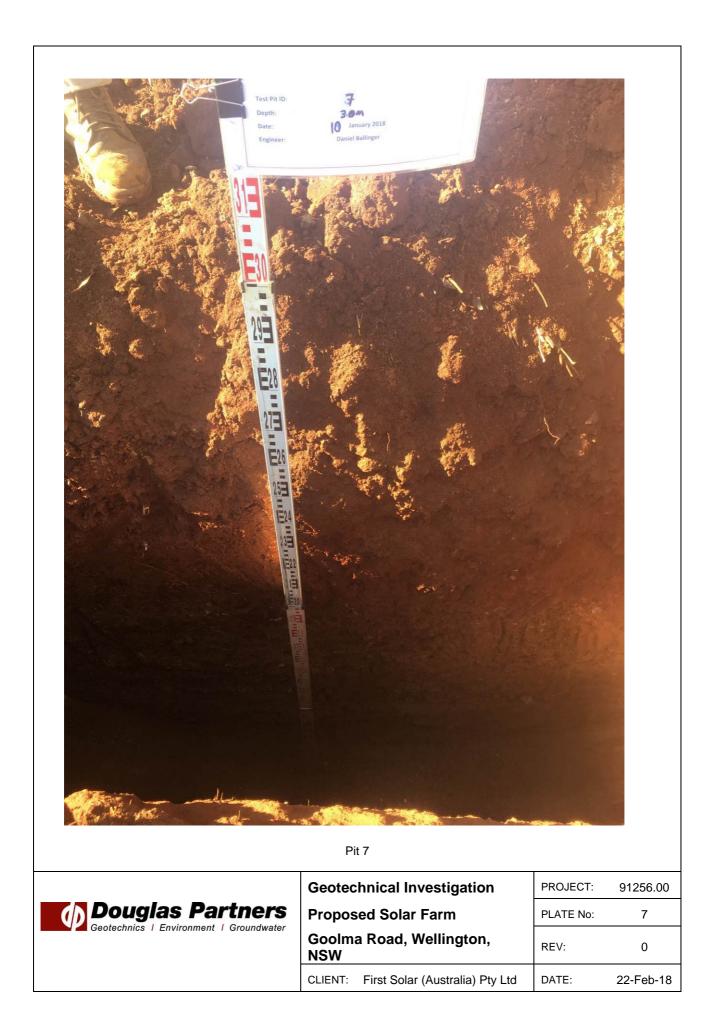
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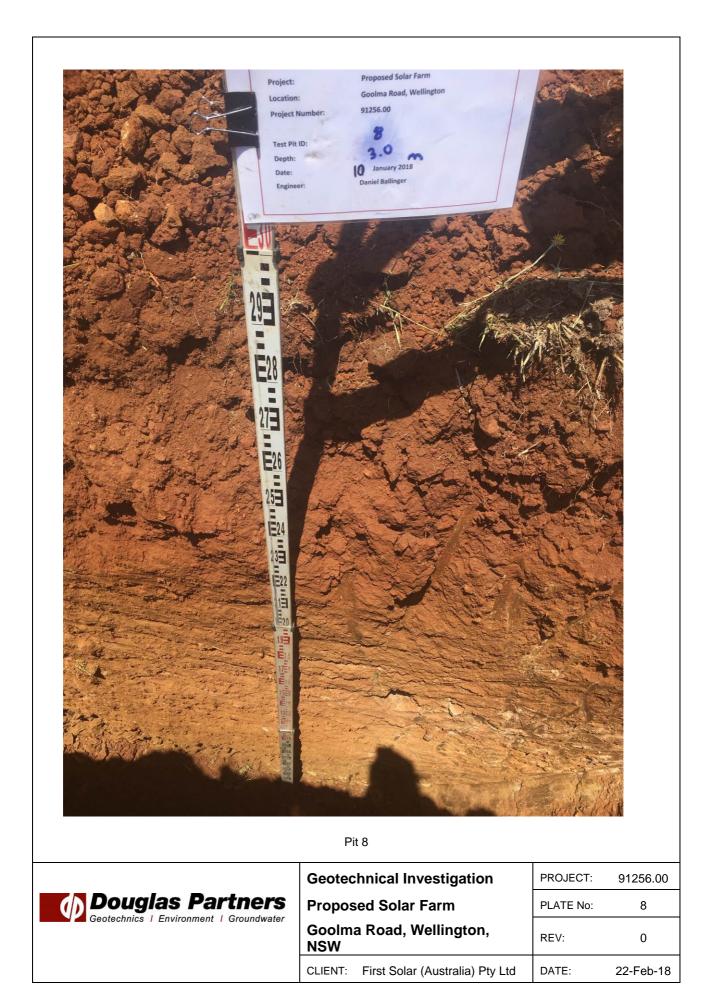
First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

DATE:

22-Feb-18



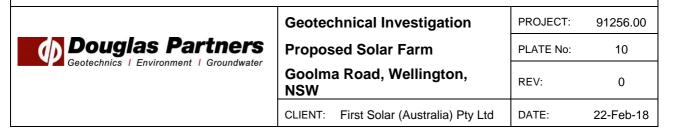


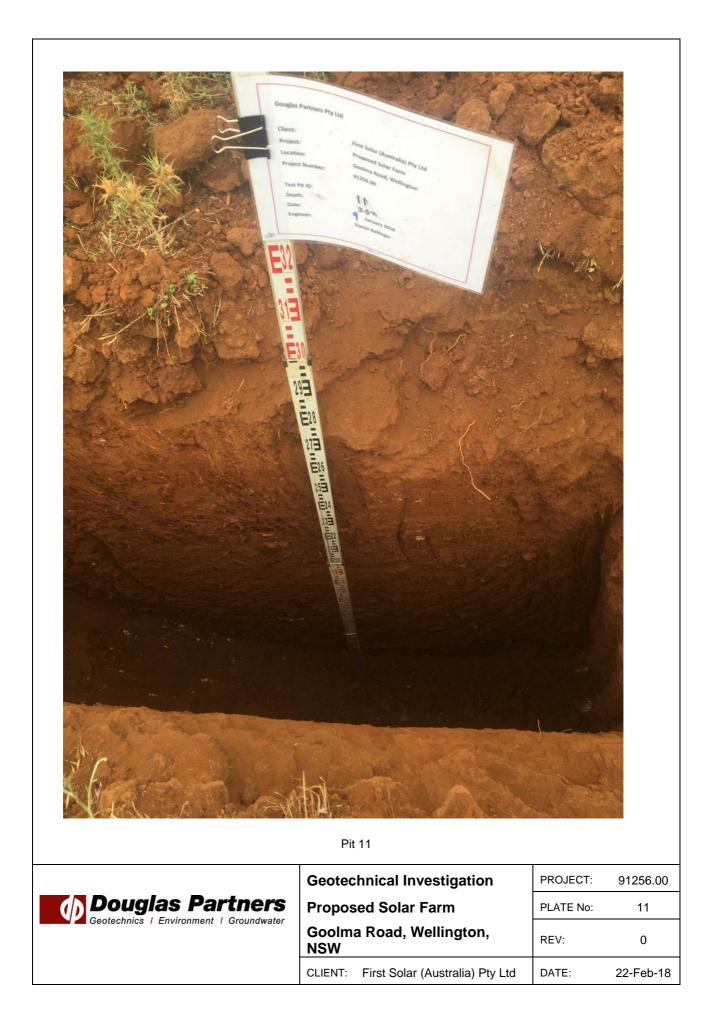


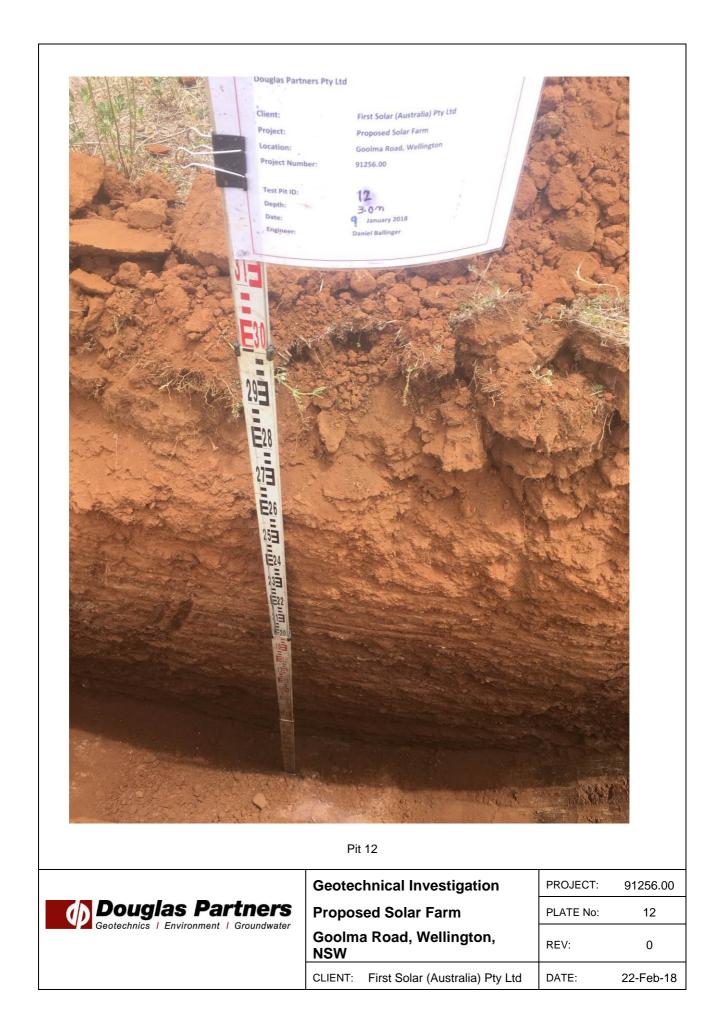




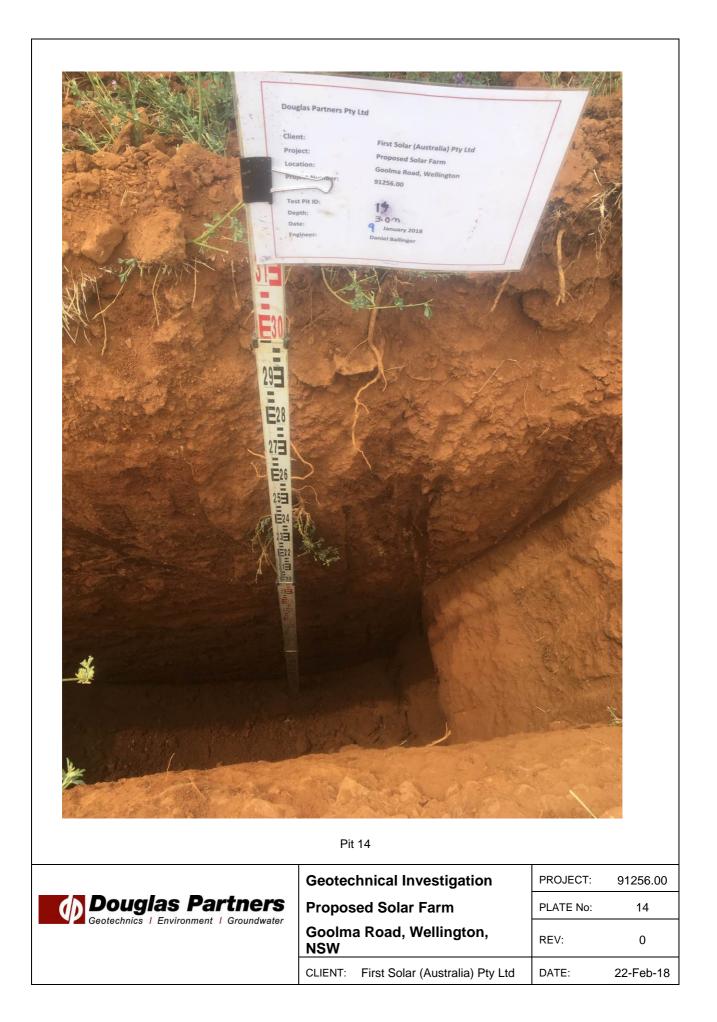
Pit 10



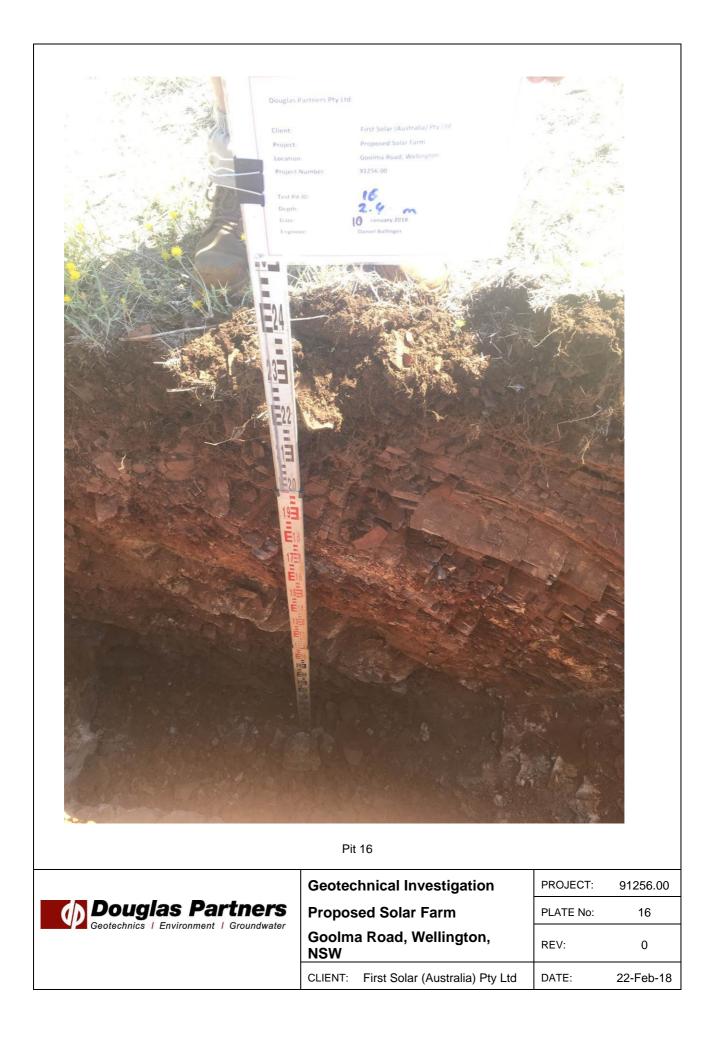


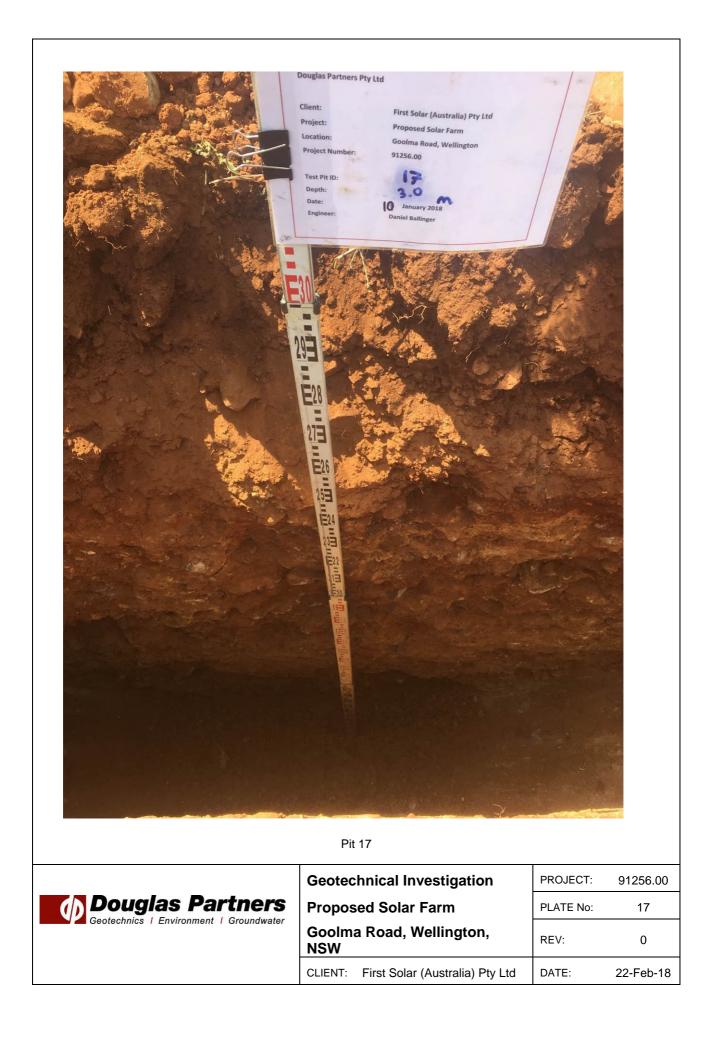


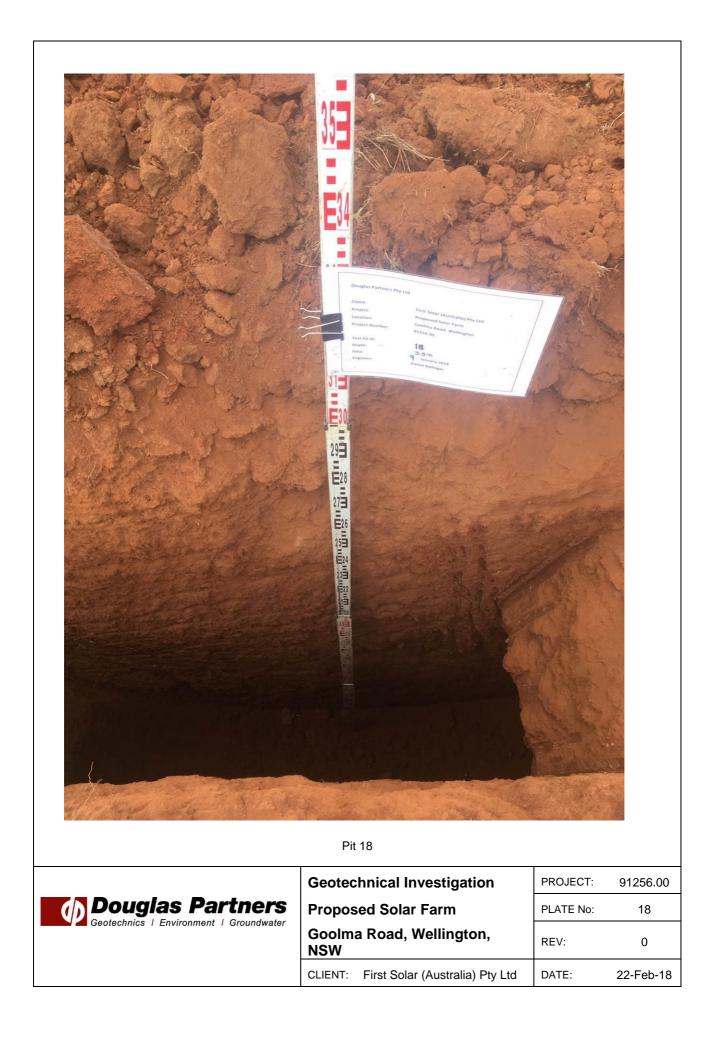


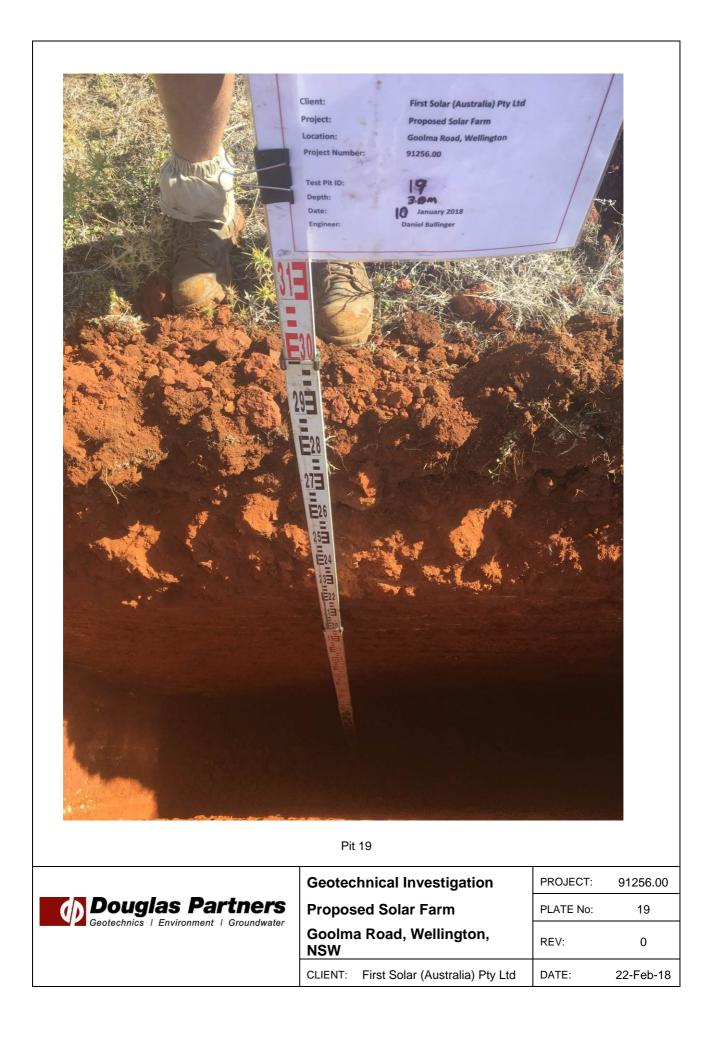


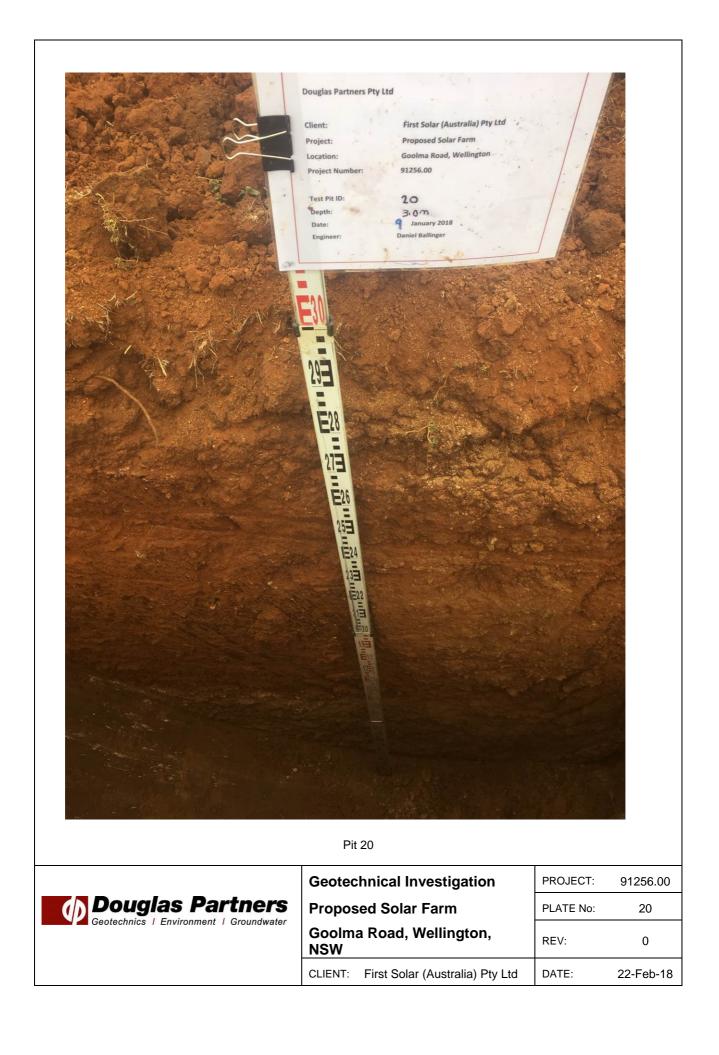












SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 685248 NORTHING: 6401373 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 21 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine А 0.1 to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel (siltstone fragments) up to 10mm in size, M<Wp 0.4 U₅₀ 0.69 pp >400 From 0.9m, grading to rock 1.0 1 . 1 10,21,21 s N = 421.45 2 -2 2.0 SILTSTONE - (Extremely low to very low strength, extremely weathered to highly weathered) red-brown mottled off-white siltstone _ . _ . 2.5 _ _ 9,21,15/70 s refusal _ 287 _ - 3 - 3 _ _ ____. 3.5 SILTSTONE - (Low to medium strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered), grey and brown siltstone _ ____ _ 12/50,-,--4 40 - 4 S · ___ 4.05 refusal _ . _ ____. _ - 5 5.0 Bore discontinued at 5.0m, limit of investigation

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open REMARKS:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 p
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 Water level
 V
 Shard vane (kPa)



SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684577 NORTHING: 6401685 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 22 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Depth Sample (blows per 0mm) Type Results & Comments (m) Strata 10 15 20 5 0.02 0.01 Ā TOPSOIL - Brown slightly sandy silt topsoil, fine to Đ, medium grained, with trace clay and subrounded gravel, abundant organics Þ. GRAVELLY SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown gravelly silty clay, gravel portion subrounded up to 30mm in size, А 0.5 trace fine to medium grained sand, M<Wp KZ (6) 1/7 0.7 META SILTSTONE - (Very low to low strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered), grey and brown 0.85 А _ . meta siltstone ____ 15/50mm,-,-10 - 1 S _ 1.05 refusal _ _____ _ _ From 1.5m, (low to medium strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered), increased drilling resistance ____ 2 2.0 -2 А _ . ____ ____ _ - 3 - 3 _ ____ -4 - 4 _ . _ . 4.5 Α _ _ _ - 5 5.0 Bore discontinued at 5.0m, limit of investigation

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open REMARKS:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Buik sample
 Piston sample
 PIL(A) Piotin load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U,
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 pp
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 F
 Water seep
 S
 Standard penetration test

 E
 Environmental sample
 Water level
 V
 Shear vane (kPa)



SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683937 NORTHING: 6401781 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 23 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - (Hard), red-brown silty clay, with trace fine sized subangular gravel, $M{<}Wp$ А 0.1 A 0.5 1.0 1 25 From 1.0m, medium to coarse sized subangular gravel s refusal (meta-siltstone) (increased drilling resistance in parts) 1 15 2 -2 2.5 11,25, S refusal 2.8 - 3 - 3 -4 40 - 4 From 4.0m, some rock structure evident 10,25,10/40mm s refusal 4.34 4 95 А - 5 5.0 Bore discontinued at 5.0m, limit of investigation

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Fulham

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open REMARKS:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 pp
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 Water level
 V
 Shard vane (kPa)



SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683091 NORTHING: 6401472 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 24 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - (Hard), red-brown silty clay, with some А 0.1 fine grained sand and trace fine to medium sized subangular gravel, M ≪Wp A 0.5 0.8 А 0.85 SILTY CLAY - Hard, pale brown silty clay, with trace fine grained sand (extremely weathered siltstone), M<Wp L 1 1.0 1 9,13,15 s N = 281.45 2 -2 2.5 16,24,5/20mm S refusal (bouncing) 2.8 2.82 SILTSTONE - Very low to low strength, highly weathered, pale brown siltstone - 3 _ - 3 _____ _ . 12/70mm ____ -4 40 - 4 S refusal 4.07 (bouncing) _ ____. _ . A 4.45 4.5 Bore discontinued at 4.5m, TC-bit refusal 5 - 5

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Fulham

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 4.5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open REMARKS:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Buik sample
 Piston sample
 PIL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 p
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 P
 Water seep
 S
 Standard penetration test

 E
 Environmental sample
 ¥
 Water level
 V
 Shear vane (kPa)



SURFACE LEVEL: --**EASTING:** 683990 NORTHING: 6401289 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/--

BORE No: 25 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 150mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 20 5 15 SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine А 0.1 grained sand and fine sized subangular gravel, M<Wp A 0.5 1.0 1 . 1 10,14,15 s N = 291.45 2 -2 2.0 META SILTSTONE - (Very low to low strength, highly weathered to moderately weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone _ . _ . 2.5 35,-,-____ S refusal _ 2.65 _ _ - 3 - 3 _ _ _ . From 3.5m, (low to medium strength, moderately _ . weathered to slightly weathered) _ . _ _ . 10/40mm,-,-_ -4 40 - 4 refusal S 4.04 · ___ (bouncing) _ . _ __ · _ 4.5 А ____ 4. Bore discontinued at 4.7m, TC-bit refusal 5 - 5

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 4.7m

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS:**

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND LEGEND PID Photo ionisation detector (ppm) PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa) PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa) pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) S Standard penetration test V Shear vane (kPa) A Auger sample B Bulk sample BLK Block sample Gas sample Piston sample Tube sample (x mm dia.) Water sample Water seep Water level G P U W Core drilling Disturbed sample Environmental sample CDE ₽

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 ☑ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2

Douglas Partners Geotechnics | Environment | Groundwater

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd CLIENT: PROJECT: Proposed Solar Farm LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --**EASTING:** 684690 **NORTHING:** 6401075 **DIP/AZIMUTH:** 90°/--

BORE No: 26 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

	De	epth	Description	hic				& In Situ Testing	er	Dynar	nic Penet	rometer	Test
RL	(r	m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	5	(blows pe	r 0mm) 15	20
		0.02	TOPSOIL - Brown clayey silt topsoil, with trace to some / fine to coarse grained sand, abundant rootlets	1/1/	D D	-0.01 0.1	<i>м</i>						
	-		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine to medium grained sand and subrounded gravel (siltstone fragments) up to 10mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>0.25</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>			0.25				-			•
	-		(siltstone fragments) up to 10mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>U₅₀</td><td>0.63</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>		U ₅₀	0.63							•
	-					0.03				-			•
	- -1		From 1.0m, grading to rock			1.0				-1			•
	-	1.2	META SILTSTONE - (Extremely low to very low					13,19,20 N = 39			•		•
	-		strength, extremely weathered to highly weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone			1.45						:	•
	-		From 1.5m, (low to medium strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered)		D	1.6							•
	-2	2.0		<u> </u>						2			•
	-	2.0	Bore discontinued at 2.0m, TC-bit refusal							-			•
	-												•
	-									-			•
	-												•
	-3									-3			•
	-												•
	-												•
	-									-			•
	-4									-4			•
	-									-			•
	_												•
	-									-			•
	-												•
	-5									-5			•
	-												•
	-												- - - - -
	-												•
	-											:	•

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

DRILLER: Hennessey TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 2m

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS:**

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND A Auger sample B Bulk sample BLK Block sample C Core drilling D Disturbed sample E Environmental sample
 A in STID TESTING LEGENU

 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 Water sample
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 Water seep
 Standard penetration test

 Water level
 V
 Shear vane (kPa)
 G P U, W ₽

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2



SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 682026 NORTHING: 6401320 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 27 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - (Hard) red brown silty clay, with trace fine А 0.1 to medium grained sand, M ≪Wp A 0.5 1.0 1 6,8,13 s N = 21From 1.3m, trace fine sized gravel 1.45 2 -2 2.5 pp >400 15,21,26 N = 47 S 2.95 - 3 - 3 3.5 CLAYEY GRAVEL - Medium dense, red-brown, fine sized subangular clayey gravel, moist to wet -4 40 - 4 6,8,5 s N = 134.45 4 95 А - 5 5.0 Bore discontinued at 5.0m, limit of investigation

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Fulham

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS**:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U,
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 p
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 V
 Water seep
 S
 Standard penetration test

 E
 Environmental sample
 ¥
 Water level
 V
 Shear vane (kPa)

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 ⊠ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2



CLIENT:

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 682980 NORTHING: 6400975 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 28 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - (Very stiff), red-brown silty clay, with trace fine grained sand, $M \,{\leqslant} \, Wp$ А 0.1 A 0.5 pp = 350 From 0.5m, hard pp = 500-550 0.73 1.0 1 From 1m, very stiff to hard lenses of fine to medium grained sand and fine sized subrounded gravels 3,4,8 s N = 12 1.45 2 2.0 -2 А 2.0 SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, slightly gravelly, with fine to medium sized subangular / subrounded gravel, M<Wp 2.5 From 2.5m, some rock structure evident 12.14.18 S N = 32 2.95 - 3 - 3 3.4 10,20,25/120 s refusal 3.82 3.82 Bore discontinued at 3.82m, TC-bit refusal (on possible bedrock) - 4 4 5 - 5

 RIG:
 Douglas CMG Scout
 DRILLER:
 Hennessey
 LOGGED:
 Fulham

 TYPE OF BORING:
 Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 3.4m, SPT sampler to 3.82m
 WATER OBSERVATIONS:
 No free groundwater observed while bore remained open

 REMARKS:
 VATER OBSERVATIONS:
 No free groundwater observed while bore remained open

CASING: Uncased

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 ⊠ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test 1s(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test 1s(50) (MPa)

 C
 C ore drilling
 W
 Water sample
 p
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 P
 W water sample
 Standard penetration test
 E

 E
 Environmental sample
 W
 Vater level
 V
 Shear vane (kPa)

CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683315 NORTHING: 6400844 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 29 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9 - 10/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

		Description	lic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	5	Dura			
RL	Depth (m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water		nic Pene (blows p	er 0mm))
H	-	SILTY CLAY - (Hard), red-brown silty clay, with trace fine grained sand, rootlets in top 500mm	1/1/	A	0.1	ŭ			5	10	15	20
		fine grained sand, rootlets in top 500mm		~	0.1							•
				A	0.5							•
				^	0.5							•
										•		• • •
	-1				1.0				-1	•		•
				U ₅₀	1.2		pp >600			•		• • •
					4.5							
					1.5		pp >400					•
				S			pp >400 6,9,11 N = 20			•		•
	-2	From 2.0m, trace to some fine sized gravel			1.95				-2	•		•
										•		
					0.5					•		
					2.5		pp >500		· · ·	•		•
				S			pp >500 6,8,14 N = 22			•		
	-3				2.95				-3			•
												•
									· · ·	•		•
	-4				4.0				-4	•		•
				S			pp >600 8,16,20 N = 36					• • •
					4.45		N = 36			•		•
												•
										•		•
	-5 5.0	Bore discontinued at 5.0m, limit of investigation	1/1/	A	4.95				-5			
		Sole discontinued at 5.0m, inflit of investigation							· · ·			•
									· · ·			•
	-											

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Fulham

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS**:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U_x
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 pp
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 W
 Water level
 V
 Shard vane (kPa)

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 ⊠ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2



CLIENT:First Solar (Australia) Pty LtdPROJECT:Proposed Solar FarmLOCATION:Goolma Road, Wellington

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683659 NORTHING: 6400545 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 30 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

\square	Danth	Description	Jic		Sam		& In Situ Testing	5		namic Per	otromoto	r Tost
RL	Depth (m)	of Strata	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water		(blows	per 0mm))
		TOPSOIL - Brown silty clay topsoil, with some rootlets,		A	0.1	S			-	5 10	15	20
	0.15 -	dry to humid SILTY CLAY - (Hard), pale brown silty clay, with trace fine to medium sized gravel, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>							-			•
		fine to medium sized gravel, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>А</td><td>0.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>· · ·</td><td></td><td>•</td></wp<>		А	0.5				-	· · ·		•
									-	• • • • • • • • •		•
									-			•
	-1			S	1.0		29/140mm refusal		-1	· · ·		•
	1.15	META SANDSTONE - (Low strength, highly weathered), light brown, meta sandstone			1.15				-			•
				А	1.5				-	· · ·		•
					-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
	1.8	Bore discontinued at 1.8m, slow progress with TC-bit		—A—	-1.8-				-	• • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	-2								-2			
									-	· · ·		•
									-			•
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	-3								-3			•
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RIG: Douglas CMG Scout DRILLER: Hennessey

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 1.8m

LOGGED: Fulham

CASING: Uncased

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open REMARKS:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U_x
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 pp
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 W
 Water level
 V
 Shard vane (kPa)

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 ☑ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2

Douglas Partners Geotechnics | Environment | Groundwater

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd Proposed Solar Farm LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

CLIENT: PROJECT:

SURFACE LEVEL: --**EASTING:** 684164 NORTHING: 6400640 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/--

BORE No: 31 PROJECT No: 91256.00 **DATE:** 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

\square		Description	ji		Sam		& In Situ Testing	-	ع Dynamic Penetrometer Test			
R	Depth (m)	of	Graphic Log	Type	Depth	Sample	Results & Comments	Water	Dynan	blows per	ometer i 0mm)	est
	0.024	Strata		ŕ	De	Sar	Comments		5	10 :	15 2	20
	0.02	TOPSOIL - Brown slightly sandy silt topsoil, fine to coarse grained, with trace to some clay and subangular gravel / cobbles abundant organics		D	0.2				-	•		•
		SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with some subrounded gravel (siltstone fragments) up to 20mm in size, M <wp< td=""><td></td><td>U₅₀</td><td>0.61</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>• • • • •</td><td></td><td>· · · · ·</td></wp<>		U ₅₀	0.61					• • • • •		· · · · ·
	· 0.8 · - 1	META SILTSTONE - (Extremely low to very low strength, extremely weathered to highly weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone	· _ · -		1.0		27		- 1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•
		From 1.1m, (very low to low and medium strength, moderately weathered to slightly weathered)		S	1.15		27,-,- refusal					•
			 									•
										•		• • • • •
	-2		 	D	2.0				-2	•		•
					2.5					•		•
				S	2.7		25,12/50mm,- refusal			•		•
	- 3 - 3								-3			•
												•
	- -											* * * * * * *
	- 4								-4	• • • • • • • • • • • • •		•
									-			•
		From 4.3m, (low to medium strength, slightly weathered)								•		•
	• 4.9 ·	Bore discontinued at 4.9m, TC-bit refusal								• • • • •		· · · ·
	-5	Dore discontinued at 4.911, TC-Dit felusal							-5	•		•
									-	•		•
												•
	-									;		

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 4.9m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS:**

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND A Auger sample B Bulk sample BLK Block sample C Core drilling D Disturbed sample E Environmental sample
 A in STID TESTING LEGENU

 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 Water sample
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 Water seep
 Standard penetration test

 Water level
 V
 Shear vane (kPa)
 G P U, W ₽

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2

Douglas Partners



SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 683672 NORTHING: 6400107 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/--

BORE No: 32 PROJECT No: 91256.00 **DATE:** 9/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - (Hard), red-brown silty clay, with trace fine grained sand, M<Wp А 0.1 0.5 А U₅₀ pp >600 0.73 1 1.0 1 8,17,18 s N = 351.45 -2 2 2.0 A From 2.0m, trace medium sized subangular gravel 2.5 4,12,8/90mm S refusal 2.89 -3 - 3 3.1 Bore discontinued at 3.1m, TC-bit refusal (on possible bedrock) -4 - 4 5 - 5 RIG: Douglas CMG Scout **DRILLER:** Hennessey

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 3.1m

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

Goolma Road, Wellington

LOGGED: Fulham

CASING: Uncased

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS:**

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND PID Photo ionisation detector (ppm) PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa) PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa) pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) S Standard penetration test V Shear vane (kPa) A Auger sample B Bulk sample BLK Block sample Gas sample Piston sample Tube sample (x mm dia.) Water sample Water seep Water level G P U W Core drilling Disturbed sample Environmental sample CDE ₽

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 ☑ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2

Douglas Partners

Geotechnics | Environment | Groundwater

SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684057 NORTHING: 6399769 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/--

BORE No: 33 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Description Graphic Log Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Type Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace fine D 0.1 to medium grained sand and subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size, M<Wp 0.3 U₅₀ 0.55 1.0 1 . 1 9,10,12 s N = 221.45 From 1.4m, grey and brown, with trace to some sand D 1.5 and gravel / cobbles (medium to high strength meta siltstone) 2 -2 2.5 7.11.20 S N = 31 2.95 - 3 - 3 From 3.4m, increased drilling resistance (probable increase in gravel / cobble proportion) 5/10mm,-,--4 -4 4.0 40 S refusal META SILTSTONE - (Medium strength, slightly 4.01 weathered), grey and brown meta siltstone 4.2 Bore discontinued at 4.2m, TC-bit refusal - 5 - 5

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Ballinger TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 4.2m

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open **REMARKS:**

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 PL(A)
 Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 PL(D)
 Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 pp
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 Standard penetration test
 V

 V
 Shear vane (kPa)
 A Auger sample B Bulk sample BLK Block sample Gas sample Piston sample Tube sample (x mm dia.) Water sample Water seep Water level G P U W Core drilling Disturbed sample Environmental sample CDE ₽

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 □ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2



SURFACE LEVEL: --EASTING: 684878 NORTHING: 6400346 DIP/AZIMUTH: 90°/-- BORE No: 34 PROJECT No: 91256.00 DATE: 11/1/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1

Sampling & In Situ Testing Graphic Log Description Dynamic Penetrometer Test Water Depth Ъ of Sample Depth (blows per 0mm) (m) Type Results & Comments Strata 10 15 20 5 SILTY CLAY - Hard, red-brown silty clay, with trace to D 0.1 some fine to coarse grained sand and subrounded gravel up to 10mm in size, M<Wp From 0.7m to 1.2m, (high strength) meta siltstone cobbles 1 - 1 2 D 2.0 -2 2.5 12.15.21 N = 36 2.95 - 3 - 3 -4 40 - 4 From 4.0m, brown and grey (completely weathered 16,21,15/50 rock) refusal 4.35 - 5 5.0 Bore discontinued at 5.0m, limit of investigation

RIG: Douglas CMG Scout

CLIENT:

PROJECT:

First Solar (Australia) Pty Ltd

Proposed Solar Farm

LOCATION: Goolma Road, Wellington

DRILLER: Hennessey

LOGGED: Ballinger

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Solid flight auger (TC-bit) to 5m

WATER OBSERVATIONS: No free groundwater observed while bore remained open REMARKS:

 SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

 A
 Auger sample
 G
 Gas sample
 PID
 Photo ionisation detector (ppm)

 B
 Bulk sample
 P
 Piston sample
 PL(A) Point load axial test Is(50) (MPa)

 BLK Block sample
 U_x
 Tube sample (x mm dia.)
 PL(D) Point load diametral test Is(50) (MPa)

 C
 Core drilling
 W
 Water sample
 pp
 Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

 D
 Disturbed sample
 W
 Water level
 V
 Shard vane (kPa)

□ Sand Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.3 □ Cone Penetrometer AS1289.6.3.2





Attachment 02: Laboratory results



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 184415

Client Details	
Client	Douglas Partners Newcastle
Attention	Michael Gawn
Address	Box 324 Hunter Region Mail Centre, Newcastle, NSW, 2310

Sample Details	
Your Reference	<u>91256.00</u>
Number of Samples	24 Soil
Date samples received	02/02/2018
Date completed instructions received	02/02/2018

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details								
Date results requested by	13/02/2018							
Date of Issue	15/02/2018							
NATA Accreditation Number 29	1. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.							
Accredited for compliance with	SO/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *							

<u>Results Approved By</u> Long Pham, Team Leader, Metals Nick Sarlamis, Inorganics Supervisor

Authorised By

David Springer, General Manager



Misc Inorg - Soil						
Our Reference		184415-1	184415-2	184415-3	184415-4	184415-5
Your Reference	UNITS	3	8	9	12	13
Depth		0.05	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.01
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	7.2	6.8	7.0	5.5	5.9
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	100	100	91	300	160
Phosphorus (Colwell)	mg/kg	25	31	63	97	30
Phosphorus Buffer Index	mg/kg	760	570	480	560	600

Misc Inorg - Soil						
Our Reference		184415-6	184415-7	184415-8	184415-9	184415-10
Your Reference	UNITS	17	18	22	1	3
Depth		0.05	0.01	0.05	0.5	0.5
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	6.3	5.5	6.1	6.9	6.7
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	150	340	110	21	34
Emerson Aggregate	-		[NA]	[NA]	3b	5.0
Phosphorus (Colwell)	mg/kg	42	58	58	[NA]	[NA]
Phosphorus Buffer Index	mg/kg	560	350	1,600	[NA]	[NA]

Misc Inorg - Soil						
Our Reference		184415-11	184415-12	184415-13	184415-14	184415-15
Your Reference	UNITS	4	7	7	9	13
Depth		0.5	0.5	2.0	0.9	00.5
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	7.1	6.9	8.3	8.3	7.9
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	38	41	75	72	64
Emerson Aggregate	-	5.0	5.0	3b	5.0	7.0

Misc Inorg - Soil						
Our Reference		184415-16	184415-17	184415-18	184415-19	184415-20
Your Reference	UNITS	14	13	14	17	18
Depth		0.6	1.2	0.9	0.3	2.2
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	7.9	8.7	8.4	7.6	8.6
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	42	500	120	28	270
Emerson Aggregate	-	3b	4.0	3b	5.0	1.0

Misc Inorg - Soil					
Our Reference		184415-21	184415-22	184415-23	184415-24
Your Reference	UNITS	19	24	32	32
Depth		1.0	2.5-2.85	00.5	2.0
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	8.1	9.1	7.5	8.2
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	24	73	15	110
Emerson Aggregate	-	3b	4.0	5.0	4.0

Acid Extractable Cations in Soil						
Our Reference		184415-1	184415-2	184415-3	184415-4	184415-5
Your Reference	UNITS	3	8	9	12	13
Depth		0.05	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.01
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Date analysed	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Calcium	mg/kg	3,100	2,900	4,000	1,900	2,700
Magnesium	mg/kg	1,900	2,400	1,200	3,000	1,900

Acid Extractable Cations in Soil				
Our Reference		184415-6	184415-7	184415-8
Your Reference	UNITS	17	18	22
Depth		0.05	0.01	0.05
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Date analysed	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Calcium	mg/kg	2,900	1,700	1,400
Magnesium	mg/kg	1,400	1,800	1,800

ESP/CEC						
Our Reference		184415-1	184415-2	184415-3	184415-4	184415-5
Your Reference	UNITS	3	8	9	12	13
Depth		0.05	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.01
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Exchangeable Ca	meq/100g	15	13	19	6.6	10
Exchangeable K	meq/100g	3.1	2.2	3.3	2.5	2.3
Exchangeable Mg	meq/100g	3.7	3.9	3.7	1.7	3.4
Exchangeable Na	meq/100g	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Cation Exchange Capacity	meq/100g	22	19	26	11	16
ESP	%	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1

ESP/CEC				
Our Reference		184415-6	184415-7	184415-8
Your Reference	UNITS	17	18	22
Depth		0.05	0.01	0.05
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	05/02/2018	05/02/2018	05/02/2018
Date analysed	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Exchangeable Ca	meq/100g	13	7.5	9.3
Exchangeable K	meq/100g	3.9	2.4	2.1
Exchangeable Mg	meq/100g	3.2	2.1	2.3
Exchangeable Na	meq/100g	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Cation Exchange Capacity	meq/100g	20	12	14
ESP	%	<1	<1	<1

Moisture						
Our Reference		184415-1	184415-2	184415-3	184415-4	184415-5
Your Reference	UNITS	3	8	9	12	13
Depth		0.05	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.01
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Date analysed	-	07/02/2018	07/02/2018	07/02/2018	07/02/2018	07/02/2018
Moisture	%	20	8.9	8.8	15	19
Moisture						
Our Reference		184415-6	184415-7	184415-8		
Your Reference	UNITS	17	18	22		
Depth		0.05	0.01	0.05		
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018		
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil		
Date prepared	•	06/02/2018	06/02/2018	06/02/2018		
Date analysed	-	07/02/2018	07/02/2018	07/02/2018		

17

15

7.3

%

Moisture

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Ext-054	Analysed by MPL Envirolab
Ext-062	Analysed by East West Enviroag
Inorg-001	pH - Measured using pH meter and electrode in accordance with APHA latest edition, 4500-H+. Please note that the results for water analyses are indicative only, as analysis outside of the APHA storage times.
Inorg-002	Conductivity and Salinity - measured using a conductivity cell at 25°C in accordance with APHA latest edition 2510 and Rayment & Lyons.
Inorg-008	Moisture content determined by heating at 105+/-5 °C for a minimum of 12 hours.
Metals-009	Determination of exchangeable cations and cation exchange capacity in soils using 1M Ammonium Chloride exchange and ICP-AES analytical finish.
Metals-020	Determination of various metals by ICP-AES.

QUALITY	CONTROL:	Misc Ino	rg - Soil			Du		Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-1	[NT]
Date prepared	-			05/02/2018	1	05/02/2018	05/02/2018		05/02/2018	
Date analysed	-			05/02/2018	1	05/02/2018	05/02/2018		05/02/2018	
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units		Inorg-001	[NT]	1	7.2	7.1	1	101	
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	1	Inorg-002	<1	1	100	84	17	101	
Emerson Aggregate	-	0	Ext-062	[NT]	11	5.0	[NT]		[NT]	
Phosphorus (Colwell)	mg/kg	1	Ext-054	<1	1	25	24	4	111	
Phosphorus Buffer Index	mg/kg	2	Ext-054	<2	1	760	780	3	102	[NT]

QUALITY	QUALITY CONTROL: Misc Inorg - Soil							Duplicate			
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-2	[NT]	
Date prepared	-			[NT]	11	05/02/2018	05/02/2018		05/02/2018		
Date analysed	-			[NT]	11	05/02/2018	05/02/2018		05/02/2018		
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units		Inorg-001	[NT]	11	7.1	7.1	0	101		
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	1	Inorg-002	[NT]	11	38	34	11	102		
Emerson Aggregate	-	0	Ext-062	[NT]	21	3b	[NT]		[NT]		

QUALITY CONTROL: Misc Inorg - Soil						Duplicate			
Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	[NT]
-			[NT]	21	05/02/2018	05/02/2018			[NT]
-			[NT]	21	05/02/2018	05/02/2018			[NT]
pH Units		Inorg-001	[NT]	21	8.1	8.0	1		[NT]
µS/cm	1	Inorg-002	[NT]	21	24	24	0		[NT]
	Units - - pH Units	Units PQL - pH Units	Units PQL Method - - pH Units Inorg-001	Units PQL Method Blank - [NT] - [NT] pH Units Inorg-001 [NT]	Units PQL Method Blank # - [NT] 21 21 - [NT] 21 21 pH Units Inorg-001 [NT] 21	Units PQL Method Blank # Base - [NT] 21 05/02/2018 - [NT] 21 05/02/2018 pH Units Inorg-001 [NT] 21 8.1	Units PQL Method Blank # Base Dup. - [NT] 21 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 - [NT] 21 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 pH Units [NT] 21 05/02/2018 05/02/2018	Units PQL Method Blank # Base Dup. RPD - [NT] 21 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 - [NT] 21 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 05/02/2018 pH Units Inorg-001 [NT] 21 8.1 8.0 1	Units PQL Method Blank # Base Dup. RPD [NT] - Image: Second Sec

QUALITY CONTI	QUALITY CONTROL: Acid Extractable Cations in Soil						Duplicate			
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-9	184415-2
Date prepared	-			06/02/2018	1	06/02/2018	06/02/2018		06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Date analysed	-			06/02/2018	1	06/02/2018	06/02/2018		06/02/2018	06/02/2018
Calcium	mg/kg	5	Metals-020	<5	1	3100	2800	10	97	#
Magnesium	mg/kg	5	Metals-020	<5	1	1900	1500	24	98	#

QUAL	ITY CONTR	OL: ESP/	CEC		Duplicate				Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-1	[NT]
Date prepared	-			05/02/2018	1	05/02/2018	05/02/2018		05/02/2018	
Date analysed	-			06/02/2018	1	06/02/2018	06/02/2018		06/02/2018	
Exchangeable Ca	meq/100g	0.1	Metals-009	<0.1	1	15	15	0	103	
Exchangeable K	meq/100g	0.1	Metals-009	<0.1	1	3.1	3.1	0	109	
Exchangeable Mg	meq/100g	0.1	Metals-009	<0.1	1	3.7	3.7	0	103	
Exchangeable Na	meq/100g	0.1	Metals-009	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	100	
ESP	%	1	Metals-009	[NT]	1	<1	<1	0	[NT]	

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality Contro	ol Definitions
Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
Duplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matrix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surrogate Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.
Australian Drinking	Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform Eaecal Enterococci. & E Coli levels are less than

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: <5xPQL - any RPD is acceptable; >5xPQL - 0-50% RPD is acceptable.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Report Comments

Acid Extractable Metals in Soil: # Percent recovery is not possible to report due to the high concentration of the element/s in the sample/s. However an acceptable recovery was obtained for the LCS.

Colwell Phosphorus & Phosphorus Buffer Index analysed by MPL Laboratories. Report No.206405.

Emerson Aggregate analysed by East West. Report no. EW180592 3b = moderate to slight dispersion of the remould.



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 183838

Client Details	
Client	Douglas Partners Newcastle
Attention	Michael Gawn
Address	Box 324 Hunter Region Mail Centre, Newcastle, NSW, 2310

Sample Details	
Your Reference	91256.00, Wellington
Number of Samples	14 Soil
Date samples received	24/01/2018
Date completed instructions received	24/01/2018

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details					
Date results requested by	01/02/2018				
Date of Issue	31/01/2018				
NATA Accreditation Number 2901. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.					
Accredited for compliance with	ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *				

Results Approved By Priya Samarawickrama, Senior Chemist

Authorised By

20

David Springer, General Manager



Client Reference: 91256.00, Wellington

Misc Inorg - Soil						
Our Reference		183838-1	183838-2	183838-3	183838-4	183838-5
Your Reference	UNITS	1	2	4	5	6
Depth		1.3	2.0	0.2	0.4	2.0
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018
Date analysed	-	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	7.5	6.9	7.0	6.8	9.2
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	μS/cm	40	500	30	10	180
Chloride, Cl 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	10	570	10	<10	80
Sulphate, SO4 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	<10	120	<10	<10	45

Misc Inorg - Soil						
Our Reference		183838-6	183838-7	183838-8	183838-9	183838-10
Your Reference	UNITS	8	8	9	11	12
Depth		0.7	2.0	0.6	1.5	1.2
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018
Date analysed	-	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	7.9	9.0	8.1	8.7	8.0
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	23	51	100	72	15
Chloride, Cl 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	<10	20	<10	<10	<10
Sulphate, SO4 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10

Misc Inorg - Soil					
Our Reference		183838-11	183838-12	183838-13	183838-14
Your Reference	UNITS	14	15	18	19
Depth		0.2	1.0	1.5	2.0
Date Sampled		09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018	09/01/2018
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018
Date analysed	-	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018	25/01/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units	5.7	7.5	8.4	8.3
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	67	77	62	120
Chloride, Cl 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	79	21	<10	<10
Sulphate, SO4 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	22	21	<10	<10

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Inorg-001	pH - Measured using pH meter and electrode in accordance with APHA latest edition, 4500-H+. Please note that the results for water analyses are indicative only, as analysis outside of the APHA storage times.
Inorg-002	Conductivity and Salinity - measured using a conductivity cell at 25°C in accordance with APHA latest edition 2510 and Rayment & Lyons.
Inorg-081	Anions - a range of Anions are determined by Ion Chromatography, in accordance with APHA latest edition, 4110-B. Alternatively determined by colourimetry/turbidity using Discrete Analyer.

Client Reference: 91256.00, Wellington

QUALITY	Duplicate				Spike Recovery %					
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-1	183838-2
Date prepared	-			25/01/2018	1	25/01/2018	25/01/2018		25/01/2018	25/01/2018
Date analysed	-			25/01/2018	1	25/01/2018	25/01/2018		25/01/2018	25/01/2018
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units		Inorg-001	[NT]	1	7.5	7.8	4	102	[NT]
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	1	Inorg-002	<1	1	40	38	5	102	[NT]
Chloride, Cl 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	10	Inorg-081	<10	1	10	10	0	109	#
Sulphate, SO4 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	10	Inorg-081	<10	1	<10	<10	0	103	#

QUALITY		Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %				
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	[NT]
Date prepared	-			[NT]	11	25/01/2018	25/01/2018			[NT]
Date analysed	-			[NT]	11	25/01/2018	25/01/2018			[NT]
pH 1:5 soil:water	pH Units		Inorg-001	[NT]	11	5.7	5.8	2		[NT]
Electrical Conductivity 1:5 soil:water	µS/cm	1	Inorg-002	[NT]	11	67	66	2		[NT]
Chloride, Cl 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	10	Inorg-081	[NT]	11	79	63	23		[NT]
Sulphate, SO4 1:5 soil:water	mg/kg	10	Inorg-081	[NT]	11	22	22	0	[NT]	[NT]

Client Reference: 91256.00, Wellington

Result Definiti	ons
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PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
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Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: <5xPQL - any RPD is acceptable; >5xPQL - 0-50% RPD is acceptable.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Report Comments

Percent recovery is not possible to report due to the high concentration of the element/s in the sample/s. However an acceptable recovery was obtained for the LCS.